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BY JAMES G. HASSON,

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Cambria Freeman.

JAS. C. HASSON, Editor and Proprietor.

"HE IS A FREEMAN WHOM THE TRUTH MAKES FREE AND ALL ARE SLAVES BESIDE."

$1.50 and postage per year in advance.

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M. R. DENNY, Salesman.

RECEIPTS & EXPENDITURES
—OF—
Cambria County, Pa.
—FOR—
1892.

CHARLES J. MAYER, ESQ., Treasurer, in account with Cambria County, Pa.

DR.

Jan. 25, 1892, to bal. in Treasurer's hands at last settlement	$ 45584 80
To amt. of duplicate for 1892	113990 24
To cash received from Johnston, Buck & Co. balance due from Thos. E. Howe, late Treasurer, including interest on the same	5748 22
To amt. received from redemption of lands	2047 44
To amt. received from unseated lands for 1890 and 1891	8971 99
To amt. received from unseated lands for 1892	2338 54
To amt. received from seated lands for 1889 and 1890	4286 07
To amt. received from seated lands for 1891	478 72
To amt. received from constables for 1891 and previous	3478 87
To amt. received from liquor license for use of the County	8430 00
To amt. received from miscellaneous sources	8729 28
	202994 27
To bal. remaining in Treas. hands	58627 95

CR.

By amt. of orders paid as follows:		
Auditors, County		414 24
Auditors, State		64 50
Agricultural Association Carrolltown $50, Ebensburg $50		100 00
Assessors		4465 96
Boarding Jurors		20 50
Boarding prisoners		4044 00
Bonds redeemed		10000 00
Bonds interest		1200 00
Building bridges		7560 00
Bridge and road views		228 20
Commissioners' salaries		2645 00
Commissioners' clerks		1200 00
Commissioners' counsel		300 00
Court [illegible]		612 50
Court House expenses		1939 78
[illegible]		[illegible]
Constables		2019 32
Criminal prosecution		8390 29
District Attorney		1317 00
Elections		8707 60
Expressage and postage		172 76
Inquisitions		276 12
Jail and jailor		3138 19
New annex to jail		1817 82
Jurors, Grand		1158 32
Jurors, Traverse		6834 02
Jurors, Talismen		12 00
Jury Commissioners and clerk		175 64
Miscellaneous		34 50
Road damages		1115 00
Refunding		154 52
Road fund		2885 54
Records		1347 68
Redemption of lands		2628 58
Reform school and Industrial Reformatory		1140 01
Reward in Bruner case		500 00
Poor House Directors		300 00
Poor House orders		15912 51
Printing		2254 37
Probates		46 50
Prothonotary		823 74
Old orders—		
criminal prosecutions	170 04	
road views	58 50	
county commission	308 00	
boarding prisoners	753 00	
jail and jailer	342 50	
records and stationery	186 29	
printing	92 49	
soldier's burial	50 00	
miscellaneous	128 14	
		2118 96
Sheriff J. C. Stineman late Sheriff		494 82
Sheriff Jas. M. Shumaker		1152 44
Stationery		311 53
School Fund		3051 84
Scalps		512 85
State Tax		6184 19
Soldiers' burial		971 40
Stenographer		1182 69
Teachers Institute		200 00
Treasurer Deeds to County		463 62
Western Penitentiary		2418 74
Warren Insane Asylum		91 50
Western Penn'a Hospital		1792 15
Amount remaining in Constables hands		4086 78
Exonerations to Constables		4622 06
Abatement to Taxpayers		4237 77
Treas. Com. on License Fund due the County		92 15
Treas. com. 5 per cent. on $129,656.26, being amount of duplicate, amount received for seated and unseated lands, redemption of lands and from constables, less abatement to tax payers, exonerations to constables and amount remaining in constables hands		6002 76
Treas. Com. 2½ per cent on all monies paid out over and above the above amount		247 42
Bal remaining in Treas hands		58627 95
		202994 27

AMT'S DUE DISTRICTS FROM UNSEATED LANDS FOR 1890 AND 1891.

	Road.	School.
Adams Township	$ 502 88	$ 462 92
Barr township	26 63	29 79
Blacklick township	68 22	66 53
Cambria township	21 58	28 05
Carroll township	8 40	10 20
Clearfield township	191 93	191 35
Croyle township	15 74	27 56
Conemaugh township	10	08
Chest township	252 64	301 20
Dean township	223 84	402 82
Elder township	10 00	15 00
Gallitzin township	89 64	125 68
Jackson township	125 40	154 04
Portage township	102 47	137 47
Reade township	167 68	178 82
Summerhill township	252 99	387 85
Stony Creek township	4 25	10 37
Susquehanna township	10 00	10 00
West Taylor township	7 84	11 76
Washington township	28 56	35 77
White township	412 84	516 09
Lower Yoder township	7 50	13 65
	2469 32	3452 69

AMT'S DUE DISTRICTS FROM UNSEATED LANDS FOR 1892.

	Road.	School.
Adams township	19 78	17 87
Barr township	16 84	18 97
Blacklick township	160 43	128 28
Cambria township	1 50	1 50
Chest township	49 38	49 38
Clearfield township	15 11	12 37
Conemaugh township	50 64	50 64
Croyle township	85 24	106 55
East Taylor township	62 14	37 26
Gallitzin township	24 50	19 60
Jackson township	81 68	9 32
Lower Yoder township	45 48	72 75
Portage township	6 60	7 50
Reade township	81 71	145 29
Summerhill township	6 24	8 31
Upper Yoder township	5 43	9 67
West Taylor township	26 66	37 90
	732 16	847 16

DUE DISTRICTS FROM SEATED LANDS FOR 1889 AND 1890.

	Road.	School.
Adams township	1 95	8 60
Ashville borough	4 45	24 13
Allegheny township	10 55	
Barr township	46 25	44 01
Blacklick township	26 86	63 64
Cambria township	10 53	18 75
Carroll township	83 26	75 64
Chest township	14 96	39 05
Clearfield township	7 42	20 67
Conemaugh township	1 20	5 73
Croyle township	24 00	46 20
Dean township	27 05	18 73
East Taylor township	5 00	12 50
Elder township	8 85	196 14
Gallitzin township	38 43	22 79
Hastings borough	2 35	17 74
Jackson township	2 85	24 67
Munster township	11 93	12 80
Portage township	3 64	4 45
Reade township	$ 135 78	256 30
Stony Creek	16 28	
Summerhill township	166 56	345 68
Susquehanna township	188 54	281 31
Washington township	34 65	48 08
White township	19 28	92 11
Lower Yoder township	37 12	78 69
	932 74	1857 81

DUE DISTRICTS FROM SEATED LAND FOR 1891.

	Road.	School.
Adams township	4 03	4 40
Barr township	50	2 75
Blacklick township	75	4 80
Cambria township	11 90	17 77
Carroll township	30	
Clearfield township		5 61
Conemaugh township	1 40	2 55
Croyle township		5 63
Elder township	4 25	7 22
Gallitzin township		5 22
Jackson township	10 50	31 43
Morrellville borough		3 15
Summerhill township	34 81	53 42
Washington township	7 32	26 62
White township	8 01	13 56
Lower Yoder township	1 25	
	85 22	183 83

AMOUNT REMAINING IN HANDS OF CONSTABLES.

J. G. Mouse, Allegheny township	$ 90 55
A. J. Watt, Ashville borough, 1891	165 57
J. J. Rhody, Ashville borough	49 76
C. D. Ryan, Clearfield township	283 84
I. J. Weakland, Carroll township, 1891	422 25
I. J. Weakland, Carroll township	355 24
D. J. O'Hara, Wilmore borough	39 75
Jacob A. Warner, Chest township	19 72
John A. Schwab, Loretto borough	55 10
Anselm Weakland, Elder township	51 25
A. B. Martz, Gallitzin township	181 75
P. P. Miller, Hastings, borough, 1891	221 81
P. P. Miller, Hastings, borough	226 57
Philip Pritsch, Washington township	10 88
Robt. E. O'Neill, Munster township	37 85
Samuel Huey, Tunnelhill borough	131 81
L. J. Bearer, Susquehanna township	517 68
W. K. Burtnett, Summerhill township	36 51
E. Z. Miller, Johnstown 1st ward	25 67
E. Z. Miller, Johnstown, 2nd ward	43 10
P. R. Miller, Johnstown, 6th ward, 1891	85 67
P. R. Miller, Johnstown, 6th ward	165 93
A. J. Berkey, Johnstown 8th ward 1891	98 55
A. J. Berkey, Johnstown 8th ward	135 56
Ed. Connery, Johnstown 10th ward	12 68
S. S. Reed, Johnstown 13th ward	16 67
John Fox, Johnstown 14 ward	2 04
B. F. Burkhart, West Taylor township, 1891	234 96
W. H. Killin, East Taylor township	125 61
Jonas W. Fouch, Adams township	62 90
John B. Murphy, Franklin borough	96 05
Peter Kelly, Jackson township	287 77
John Ream, Upper Yoder township	310 57
Gustave Weise, Lower Yoder township, 1891	361 64
Gustave Weise, Lower Yoder township	149 87
H. R. McCleaster, Conemaugh twp.	64 51
Caleb Butler, Coopersdale, borough	139 48
F. H. Howell, Gallitzin borough	142 51
W. E. Burns, Morrellville 1st ward	87 51
W. L. Boyer, Morrellville, 2nd ward	128 17
Bart Ribblett, Morrellville, 3rd ward	61 12
Archie Farrell, Prospect borough for 1890 and previous	94 00
A. J. Burkey, Grubtown bor. for 1891	28 65
B. F. Burkhart, West Taylor township, for 1891	32 57
P. P. Miller, Hastings borough	21 70
A. F. Berkey, Johnstown 8th ward	54 87
Neil Dorian, Johnstown 16th ward	40 34
R. W. Delozier, Clearfield township	46 46
Ed. Connery 10th ward Johnstown	14 19
	5047 01

RETAIL LIQUOR LICENSES IN CAMBRIA COUNTY.

40 licenses in Townships @ $75		3000 00
61 licenses in Boroughs @ $150		9150 00
60 licenses in City @ $500		30000 00
		42150 00
One-fifth for use of County		8430 00
Less Treasurers com. 5 per cent on $1,000	$50 00	
Less Treasurers com. 1 per cent. on $1,000	10 00	
Less Treasurers com. one-half per cent. on balance	32 15	92 15
		8337 85

AMOUNTS PAID ON REDEMPTION OF LANDS.

Wm. H. Sechler	38 59
Thos. Griffith estate	21 31
Anselm D. Kirsch	5 87
J. A. Shoemaker	9 08
J. A. Shoemaker	9 75
J. A. Shoemaker	15 77
J. W. Dick	8 69
Geo. L. Bearer for H. B. Cawley	99 16
J. W. Dick	8 93
J. W. Dick	8 28
A. V. Barker	12 16
C. J. Blair	7 78
R. E. Cresswell for E. O. Fisher	26 46
D. E. Dufton	12 36
J. A. Shoemaker	36 66
C. J. Blair	12 62
J. M. Troxell	43 64
Geo. H. Roberts	5 96
Geo. L. Bearer for H. B. Cawley	112 54
John W. Troxell	109 86
John W. Troxell	163 19
John W. Troxell	181 24
Geo. L. Bearer for H. B. Cawley	125 12
J. A. Shoemaker	8 26
D. E. Dutton	16 09
A. W. Lee	193 50
J. A. Shoemaker	19 65
Webster Griffith	25 59
J. C. Caldwell	34 40
C. J. & J. R. Blair	93 65
C. J. & J. R. Blair	30 62
Geo. L. Bearer	14 69
Dillon & Blair	15 63
J. A. Shoemaker et al	10 96
C. J. Blair	11 52
Geo. L. Bearer	13 79
Lantzy & Spencer	9 67
Lantzy & Spencer	12 52
J. A. Shoemaker	15 68
L. J. Bearer	16 31
Dillon & Blair	5 65
Lantzy & Spencer	6 38
	1628 58

MONIES RECEIVED FROM MISCELLANEOUS SOURCES.

Thos. Hoover Steward of poor house, from estate of Robt. J. Williams	32 58
J. C. Darby Prothonotary costs	45 24
J. C. Darby Prothonotary costs	24 00
J. C. Darby Prothonotary costs	101 94
J. C. Darby Prothonotary costs	61 00
James Dick refunded as a juror	1 73
S. W. Miller poor director, Commonwealth vs. Mowry & Esch	11 75
Jas. T. Young, jail fees	2 25
S. W. Miller poor director, fees collected	18 42
S. W. Miller poor director, of Chas. Knauss for maintenance of mother at Dixmont	45 50
County Commissioners amount returned from State for making report of State tax	55 00
H. W. Silck, assignee of Wm. Peters	25 55
D. M. McGregg for voting booths, &c	1710 00
D. M. McGregg, being ⅔ of State tax returned for 1892	4188 58
Thos. Hoover steward of poor house	25 00
No. 27 December sessions, costs	81 47
No. 28 December sessions, costs	56 59
No. 3 December sessions, costs	38 34
S. W. Miller poor director, refunded by Mrs. McGlaughlin	10 00
S. W. Miller poor director, amount returned by poor directors of Westmoreland County	12 51
Thos. Hoover steward of poor house	339 55
M. D. Kittell, collections	158 15
M. D. Kittell, costs	70 40
J. M. Shumaker sheriff jury fees, &c	110 50
J. C. Darby jury fees and phonographic reporter	117 00
M. D. Kittell, costs	56 81
	8729 28

AMOUNT RECEIVED FROM REDEMPTION OF LANDS.

John L. and R. D. Evans	9 08
Real Estate Title Ins. & Trust Co. of Reading, Pa.	12 16
E. R. Stewart	5 16
Carron Leahey	4 82
Walter Rutledge	4 60
Mrs. Benj. Gilpatrick	7 78
John P. Liston Exe	26 46
S. J. Wirtner	12 36
Geo. and Fred Snyder	36 66
Sabastian Sickenbayer	12 62
W. H. Woods	43 64
Alex Waters	5 96
C. F. Ranstead	36 62
John M. McCannaughey	18 74
I. C. Caldwell	88 28
Kate a Ranstead	58 91
L. T. Ranstead	58 91
Trust Safe Deposit & Title Ins. Co.	56 96
do	112 54
do	109 86
do	163 19
do	125 12
do	181 24
Henry McCormick	8 26
A. W. Buck	37 28
Jos. G. Bradley	16 09
Mrs. E. Burns	193 00
do	19 65
do	44 65
Theodore M. Apple	26 17
do	48 52
Martin Bell	36 61
I. E. Chandler	4 69
John Thomas	25 59
Morgan Williams	34 40
John Riley	93 65
Margaret B. Riddle	41 13
Catharine Rankin	14 09
W. S. Weaver	4 22
Jennie B. Egan	10 96
Edward B. Alsop	13 79
William Curran	9 67
do	12 52
P. B. Cosgrove	14 98
P. C. Knox	15 68
John D. Garman	16 31
Frank Warge	5 65
E. C. Brown	15 63
Thos. Rickert & Co.	6 38
do	6 38
H. M. Baldridge	11 52
Marria Wyland	4 22
John Otto	15 63
Thos. J. Farell	7 45
Joseph and W. Gleam	6 71
Nancy E. Williams	4 85
A. I. and E. Kirkland	30 62
	2047 44

CASH RECEIVED FROM CONSTABLES FOR 1892.

L. G. Mouse, Allegheny twp		245 72
J. J. Rhody, Ashville bor		117 20
John D. Lantzy, Barr twp		226 43
Simon Adams, Blacklick twp		157 51
C. D. Ryan, Clearfield twp		224 25
C. E. Little, Chest Springs bor		83 68
Joseph Long, Croyle twp		446 03
Jacob A. Warner, Chest twp		153 72
David Brown, Dean twp		250 73
Ed W. Humphrey, Ebensburg W. W.		69 23
Evan D. Evans, Ebensburg E. W.		38 37
James Itell, Portage twp		219 11
Anselm Weakland, Elder twp		80 00
Edward Sweeney, Lilly bor		244 42
A. B. Martz, Gallitzin twp		202 04
Philip Fritsch, Washington twp		414 65
Robert E. O'Neill, Munster twp		65 00
Samuel Huey, Tunnelhill bor		111 60
Adam Esch, White twp		158 62
Chas E. Troxell, Reade twp		904 11
W. K. Burtnett, Summerhill twp		231 67
I. J. Harris, Johnstown	1 ward	100 00
E. Z. Miller	2 ward	99 67
John T. Martin	3 ward	70 67
J. W. Seese	4 ward	149 44
S. E. Varner	5 ward	118 85
P. R. Miller	6 ward	43 00
Josiah Waters	7 ward	167 50
Jacob Brindle	9 ward	98 73
Ed Connery	10 ward	77 00
George Gillinger	11 ward	64 99
S. L. Reed	12 ward	88 30
do	13 ward	86 18
John Fox	14 ward	70 00
Peter Culhton	15 ward	9 63
Neil Dorian	16 ward	123 01
W. Wolf	17 ward	183 21
Uriah Weaver, Richland twp		173 96
A. J. Ripple, Stonycreek twp		225 00
James Brown, West Taylor twp		258 58
W. H. Killen, East Taylor twp		130 00
Jonas W. Fouch, Adams twp		208 00
Peter Kelly, Jackson twp		131 35
Gustave Weese, Lower Yoder twp		100 00
H. E. McCleaster, Conemaugh twp		146 05
Caleb Butler, Coopersdale bor		61 94
S. M. Snyder, East Conemaugh bor		305 54
A. J. Ripple, Dale bor		109 17
W. C. Schroth, Carrolltown bor		83 14
F. H. Howell, Gallitzin bor		748 58
John W. Tudor, Cambria twp		209 07
D. J. Sanders, South Fork bor		367 58
Frank R. Diehl, Portage bor		243 29
W. E. Burns, Morrellville	1 ward	230 00
W. L. Boyer	2 ward	114 00
Bart Ribblett	3 ward	140 00
		10073 22

JUDGEMENTS DUE THE COUNTY.

E. B. McCartney et al	$ 46 76
Peter McGuire	60 50
Jas B. Clark and Edward Clark	46 65
Chas. Rhody	64 18
W. B. Cooper et al	19 64
C. F. Beckley et al	47 60
Ernest Wissel et al	16 12
do	42 55
Joseph A. Noel	60 94
Richard E. Rundell et al	58 63
Johan Vogel	67 18
	530 75

DISTRIBUTIONS OF LICENSE FUND TO DISTRICTS.

Adams township	$ 57 00
Ashville borough	456 00
Barr township	57 00
Carrolltown borough	570 00
Carroll township	171 00
Chest Springs borough	228 00
Chest township	171 00
Clearfield township	114 00
Croyle township	228 00
Dale borough	228 00
Dean township	171 00
East Conemaugh borough	415 00
Ebensburg borough	456 00
Elder township	114 00
Gallitzin borough	912 00
Gallitzin township	114 00
Hastings borough	1140 00
Loretto borough	114 00
Lilly borough	798 00
Portage borough	570 00
Portage township	57 00
Reade township	228 00
Richland township	57 00
South Fork borough	342 00
Stonycreek township	57 00
Susquehanna township	171 00
Tunnelhill borough	570 00
Washington township	399 00
Wilmore borough	114 00
Upper Yoder township	114 00
Johnstown City	22800 00
	32034 00

CASH RECEIVED FROM CONSTABLES 1891 AND PREVIOUS.

Simon Adams, Blacklick twp		124 00
C. D. Ryan, Clearfield twp		86 49
David J. O'Hara, Wilmore bor		49 84
Jacob A. Warner, Chest twp		38 73
A. B. Martze, Gallitzin twp		164 23
Wm. Price, Washington twp		1 45
P. P. Miller, Hastings bor		65 00
Robert O'Neill, Munster twp		39 92
Samuel Huey, Tunnelhill bor		76 71
L. J. Bearer, Susquehanna twp		552 04
W. K. Burtnett, Summerhill twp		64 49
I. J. Harris, Johnstown	1 ward	116 90
P. R. Miller	6 ward	42 01
Jacob Brindle	9 ward	5 63
Ed Connery	10 ward	25 00
John Fox	14 ward	9 50
Moses Feathers, Stonycreek twp		375 67
B. F. Burrhart, West Taylor twp		220 00
W. H. Killen, East Taylor twp		76 67
Peter Kelly, Jackson twp		200 07
John—— Upper Yoder		215 15
Gustave Weise, Lower Yoder		166 00
W. C. Schroth, Carrolltown bor		19 82
P. P. Miller, Hastings bor		81 70
I. J. Harris, Johnstown		205 76
Isaac J. Weakland, Carroll twp		333 46
John M. Watt, Gallitzin twp		11 04
F. J. Bearer, Carrolltown bor		111 49
		3478 87

EXONERATIONS TO CONSTABLES.

J. G. Mouse, Allegheny twp		23 07
J. J. Rhody, Ashville bor		28 81
John D. Lantzy, Barr twp		92 52
Simon Adams, Blacklick twp		88 33
C. D. Ryan, Clearfield twp		42 17
I. J. Weakland, Carroll twp		56 16
C. E. Little, Chest Springs bor		8 77
Jos. Long, Croyle twp		81 15
D. J. O'Hara, Wilmore bor		12 69
do		43 83
Jacob A. Warner, Chest twp		40 43
Dennis Brown, Dean twp		50 92
E. W. Humphreys, Ebensburg W. W		21 96
Evan D. Evans, Ebensburg E. W		5 71
Joseph Itel, Portage twp		99 80
Anselm Weakland, Elder twp		61 24
E. A. Sweeny, Lilly bor		28 80
A. B. Mortze, Gallitzin twp		114 37
P. P. Miller, Hastings bor		52 24
Philip Fritch, Washington twp		157 37
Robert E. O'Neill, Munster twp		25 98
Samuel Huey, Tunnelhill bor		36 44
Adam Esch, White twp		109 84
Charles E. Troxell, Read twp		256 31
L. J. Berere, Susquehanna twp		235 53
W. K. Burtnett, Summerhill twp		149 84
I. J. Harris, Johnstown 1 ward		106 75
E. Z. Miller	2 ward	257 50
John T. Martin	3 ward	55 49
J. W. Seese	4 ward	146 82
S. R. Varner	5 ward	86 25
P. R. Miller	6 ward	94 67
Josiah Watters	7 ward	105 28
Jacob Brindle	9 ward	143 78
Ed Connery	10 ward	103 48
George Gillinger	11 ward	29 87
S. L. Reed	12 ward	81 10
do	13 ward	48 27
John Fox	14 ward	65 04
Peter Culhton	15 ward	95 74
Neal Doraín	16 ward	169 11
Uriah Weaver, Richland twp		43 08
W. H. Wolf, Johnstown 17 ward		236 63
Moses Feathers, Stonycreek twp		33 58
A. J. Ripple, Stonycreek twp		83 95
B. F. Burkhart, West Taylor twp		50 00
W. H. Keller, East Taylor twp		95 47
Jonas Fouch, Adams twp		56 68
John B. Murphy, Franklin bor		10 23
Peter Kelley, Jackson twp		90 58
John Ream, Upper Yoder		71 63
Gustave Weise, Lower Yoder		163 18
Caleb Butler, Coppersdale bor		16 15
S. M. Snyder, East Conemaugh bor		20 37
A. J. Ripple, Dale bor		58 66
W. C. Schroth, Carrolltown bor		27 03
F. H. Howell, Gallitzin bor		61 59
John W. Tudor, Cambria twp		44 64
D. T. Sanders, South Fork bor		50 45
Frank Deihl, Portage bor		24 56
W. E. Burns, Morrellville 1 ward		46 71
W. L. Boyer	2 ward	26 92
Bart Riblet	3 ward	31 50
Isaac J. Harris, Johnstown		10 81
P. P. Miller, Hastings bor		4 30
Isaac J Weakland, Carroll twp		17 55
John M Watt, Gallitzin twp		58
F J Bearer, Carrolltown bor		5 88
Jas S Brown, West Taylor		61 15
		4761 20

ASSETTS.

Balance in hands of Treasurer at settlement	58627 95
Amount due from constables	5047 01
Amount due from judgements	530 75
Balance due from poor and house of employment	64 96
	65179 67
Assetts over liabilities	26102 94

LIABILITIES.

Outstanding orders	2206 61
Due districts from seated and unseated lands	16227 84
Due individuals on redemption of lands	43 60
Due Western penitentiary	209 28
Due building bridges	2500 00
Due outstanding bonds	20000 00
Due transcribing records	1200 00
Assets over Liabilities	26102 94
	65170 67

Given under our hands at the Commissioners office at Ebensburg, Pa., this 31st day of January, A. D. 1893.

GEO. A. KINKEAD,
JOSEPH HIPPS,
W. C. BERRY,
Auditors.

RECEIPTS & EXPENDITURES
—OF—
Poor and House of Employment
—OF—
Cambria County, Pa.
—FOR—
1892.

CHARLES J. MAYER, ESQ., Treasurer, In account with the Poor and House of Employment of Cambria county,

Dr.

To balance due at last settlement	$ 352 3
Requisition for 1892	15,000 00
Cash received from S. W. Miller, Poor Director	98 18
Cash received from Thos. Hoover, Steward	397 05
Balance due Treasurer	64 96
	$15,912 51

Cr.

By orders paid as follows:	
Steward's salary	$ 500 04
Matron's salary	150 00
Farmers	240 00
House servants	227 50
Labor	134 75
Groceries	758 22
Liquors	63 75
Merchandise and clothing	388 40
Meat	783 91
Lumber	212 76
Hardware and farm implements	727 36
Live stock	679 00
Wheat and flour	920 80
Livery hire	14 00
Constables' fees	192 72
Justices' fees	51 30
Attorneys' fees	190 00
Blacksmithing and repairing	292 36
Coffins, O. D. P	144 00
" at House	66 75
Relief, O. D. P	4,282 60
Cash expense, O. D. P	836 98
Funeral expense, O. D. P.	307 87
Physician at House	240 50
Coal and lime	638 38
Physicians, O. D. P.	509 50
Insurance	24 78
Fertilizer	169 60
Printing	60 75
Harness	61 30
Warren Insane Asylum	91 50
Dixmont Insane Asylum	2,122 88
Fruit trees	20 00
Auditing reports to Board Public Charity	17 00
	$15,912 51
Balance due at settlement	$ 64 96

STOCK ON FARM.

5 head horses, 13 milk cows, 5 head beef cattle, 1 Holstein bull, 12 shoats, 48 chickens 5 turkeys.

FARM PRODUCTS.

60 tons hay, 225 bushels wheat, 140 bushels rye, 95 bushels buckwheat, 8 0 bushels oats, 500 bushels corn, 600 bushels potatoes, 2,700 head cabbage, 42 bushels barley.

KILLED ON THE FARM.

3 000 pounds pork, 2,145 pounds beef.

MANUFACTURED AT HOUSE.

6 barrels sauer kraut, 860 pounds butter, 51 gallons lard, 34 barrels soap, 75 pillow slips, 20 sheets, 50 women's dresses, 12 bolsters, 27 women's skirts, 6 feather pillows, 30 towels, 85 men's shirts, 15 bed ticks, 30 haps, 65 aprons, 46 chemise, 24 pairs women's hose, 48 pairs men's socks, 25 pairs mittens, 7 bonnets.

FARM IMPLEMENTS.

1 self binder, 1 manure spreader, 1 thresher and separator, 1 hay tedder, wagon and necessary farm tools.

NUMBER OF MEALS GIVEN.

To tramps	937
Lodging to tramps	307

AMOUNT DUE POOR AND HOUSE OF EMPLOYMENT.

Jacob Thomas	$ 1,209 76
Emanuel Jones	54 90
F. J. Vitsock	211 00
Richard Owens	2 05
Beccarre township, Clearfield county	92 27
Toby township Clarion county	718 22
Peter McDonough	18 69
	$ 2 306 59

INMATES.

Number in house at last report	90
Admitted during the year	69
Born in the house during year	5
	164
Died during the year	14
Discharged during the year	66
Remaining Jan. 18, 1893	84
	164
Adult males in the house	59
Females	23
Male children	2
	84
Average number per month	87¼

NAMES OF PERSONS WHO DIED DURING THE YEAR.

Daniel Hagan.	Charles Dillon.
Italian No. 371.	Owen Short.
Man unknown.	Theodore Baker.
John Sheridan.	Robert Fricker.
Michael Keelan.	John Domitre.
Thos. Corigan.	Patrick Hoyse.
Elizabeth Benson.	Miss Jane Beals.

NAMES OF PERSONS WHO GAVE BIRTH TO CHILDREN.

Kate Stork.	Lizzie Campbell.
Maggie Mullen.	Lizzie Lormer.
Alice Benson.	

INSURANCE ON PROPERTY.

Insurance Company North America on barn and wagon shed	$ 1,700 00
Insurance Company North America on Poor House building	3,000 00
Insurance Company North America on pump house and machinery	500 00
Insurance Company North America on house furniture	300 00
Insurance Company North America on pump house and machinery	500 00
Insurance Company, Oriental, of Hartford, Poor House and contents of barn	550 00
Insurance Company, Oriental, of Hartford, on Poor House building	250 00
Cambria Mutual, contents of barn	1,000 00
Germania, of St. Paul, hospital and fixtures	1,000 00
German, of Pittsburg, hospital and fixtures	1,200 00
Sun Fire, of London	
	$20 750 00

Given under our hands at Poor and House of Employment of Cambria county, Pa., this 24th day of January, A. D. 1893.

GEO. A. KINKEAD,
JOSEPH HIPPS,
W. C. BERRY,
Auditors.

Ebensburg, Pa., Feb. 3, 1893.

MODIFIED PRESCRIPTION.

A Remedy Only Good for Patients Who Are Upholsterers.

Mr. Oscanyan, in his book, "The Sultan and His People," says that a Turkish physician was called to visit a man who was very ill of typhus fever. The doctor considered the case hopeless, but prescribed for the patient and took his leave. The next day, in passing by, he inquired of a servant at the door if his master was dead.

"Dead!" was the reply; "no, he is much better."

The doctor hastened upstairs to obtain the solution of the miracle.

"Why," said the convalescent, "I was consumed with thirst, and I drank a pailful of the juice of pickled cabbage."

"Wonderful!" quoth the doctor; and out came the tablets, on which he made this inscription: "Cured of typhus fever, Mehemed Agha, an upholsterer, by drinking a pailful of pickled cabbage juice."

Soon after the doctor was called to another patient, a yaghlikgee, or dealer in embroidered handkerchiefs, who was suffering from the same malady. He forthwith prescribed "a pailful of pickled cabbage juice." On calling the next day to congratulate his patient on his recovery, he was astonished to be told that the man was dead. In his bewilderment at these phenomena, he came to the safe conclusion, and duly noted it in his memoranda, that "Although in cases of typhus fever pickled cabbage juice is an efficient remedy, it is not to be used unless the patient be by profession an upholsterer."

ADRIFT ON THE OCEAN.

The Remarkable Voyage of a Deserted Schooner.

Some of the caprices of the ocean are inexplicable. March 31, 1891, an American three-masted schooner, the Wyer G. Sargent, of Sedgwick, Me., was abandoned by her crew off Cape Hatteras, a hopeless wreck. But the deserted vessel did not break up or founder. On the contrary, she hung together with amazing tenacity, and from that day to this has been floating aimlessly about in the path of commerce between our ports and Europe. She has been sighted and reported during these twenty-one months by twenty-five different vessels—to say nothing of those which passed perilously near her in the night or foggy weather. She was last seen a few days ago by a British steamship nine hundred miles due east of Bermuda. The dismasted hull was still in good condition. The name on her stern was distinctly visible and a rusty anchor dangled from the bow. During the year and nine months that this mastless and rudderless hulk has been drifting hither and thither, the sport of the elements, scores of strong ships, well manned and well found, have succumbed to the fury of the winds and waves, some of them not leaving a soul to tell their story, while a deserted craft, without a rag of canvas, has come safely through hurricane and cyclone without number to lie a deadly menace in the path of navigation.

BLINDING A SHARK.

The Remarkable Escape of a Pearl Diver from a Fearful Death.

A successful diver must possess great courage and nerves of steel. Such a man, connected with a large wrecking company, was visiting the pearl fisheries in the gulf of California. On one of his trips in quest of the pearl oyster he had a narrow escape from a fearful death. Frank Leslie's Magazine tells the story. He had been instructed never to stir from the bottom until he had looked up and around. Fortunately he heeded the advice. Having filled his bag, he glanced quickly about, and caught sight of a huge shovel-nosed shark watching him. In an emergency men think fast. Near the diver was a large rock. He moved quickly to the other side of it, hoping to dodge the ferocious monster. But the maneuver did not work; the shark watched every movement, changing his position by a slight motion of his powerful tail. Time was precious, and the diver conceived the idea of blinding the shark by stirring up the mud. Under cover of that he might escape. He worked for dear life, and had the water thick with mud in less than half a minute. Slipping around the rock again he rose to the surface, having barely strength enough to reach the side of the boat, and was hauled on board just as the voracious man eater made a rush for him.

Disgusted Baldheads.

Five elderly men, evidently strangers in the city, walked up to the box office of a down-town theater the other night and purchased the requisite number of seats "way down front, please." Just as they entered the theater—they were a trifle late and the curtain had been up fifteen minutes—the comedian was singing a topical song, one verse of which called the attention to the fact that most occupants of front seats are destitute of hirsute adornment. Every man of the five was almost as bald as a billiard ball, and the words of the song fitted them so well that the audience simply yelled. For a moment the five stood irresolute and their evident embarrassment only served to renew the shouts of laughter. The usher turned down five seats, handed the checks to one of the party, but without a word the five replaced their hats, wheeled "about face," and solemnly tramped back the aisle and out of the house while the audience yelled some more.

HISTORICAL FACTS.

IN China the year 1892 is the year 7,910,341.

IRON pavements were first laid in London in the year 1817.

THE first French newspapers, the Gazette de France, was started in 1631 by Theophraste Renaudot. He also established the first Mont de Piete.

WHAT is known as "short whist" was introduced into England in 1800. In it the game consisted of five points instead of ten and no honors were counted.

LOVE AND WEATHER.

When, in the budding of the year,
To her of love I chanced to sigh;
"'Tis spring," she whispered in my ear,
"You'll feel much better by and by."

And when, in summer's golden hours,
I said my heart was all aglow,
She smiled as sweetly as the flow'rs
And murmured: "Summer, don't you know."

And later, when the leaves fell down,
And I rehearsed my heartfelt tale,
She said, but with a little frown:
"The day is dull and you are pale."

I sadly waited. Christmas came,
And with the bells my love I told;
Said she: "This wintry night's to blame,
I'm sure you're suff'ring from the cold."

Oh, grant, ye powers of destiny,
That she and I may meet together,
In some strange land that's fair to see,
But wholly destitute of weather!
—A. C. Gahan, in N. Y. Sun.

IN THE FURROW.

The Sermon That Secured Rev. Moulton a Good Wife.

When the new minister arose in his pulpit and announced his text, the congregation settled themselves in the pews with an air of satisfaction. They were confident that they were about to listen to a fine sermon, and they were not to be disappointed. They admired and esteemed Rev. Thomas Moulton, who had come to them from a country parish which his liberal views and talents had outgrown. Modest and sincere, the young man appealed to his hearers, by his good sense and by the simple beauty of his thoughts. In thundering oratorical power he was deficient, but his voice was clear and pleasant, his manner was earnest and pleasing. When he addressed an audience, he won their confidence, and they believed him to be what he was, a thorough gentleman, a man cherishing high ideals and sympathizing warmly with the trials of his fellow men.

Rev. Mr. Moulton was unusually happy in the sermon to which particular reference has been made. He spoke feelingly in behalf of the thousands who are the victims of an unfavorable environment, who are prevented by thwarting circumstances from attaining those places in society in which their naturally high qualities of mind could best flourish. There was a strange inequality in life. Choice gifts and excellent opportunities often fell to the lot of dull or ignoble persons who failed to use them properly; on the contrary, these good things were as frequently unaccountably withheld from those to whom they were admirably adapted. Fortunately, of the millions in the world who lived in poverty, squalor and ignorance, the greater part did not possess keen sensibilities and ambition, and consequently did not experience the suffering which tender-hearted but unphilosophic persons imagined for them. Indeed, the capabilities of this large class of people were so limited that when they were sometimes placed by zealous philanthropists in a sphere higher than that to which they were accustomed, they became positively miserable and longed to return to a lower condition. Nevertheless, a gradual improvement in the environment of the masses was accompanied by a like improvement in these people themselves. Therefore the fact that they were so largely wonted to their present condition did not excuse the more fortunate from ceasing their endeavors to elevate them. The millions deserved attention, but inasmuch as they did not suffer acutely, and in many instances were happier than were people above them, it was not necessary to lie awake nights for the purpose of devising plans in their behalf. But in the same environment with the millions were thousands of superior people who were the great sufferers, and who deserved speedy and generous aid and sympathy. They were daily and vainly making desperate efforts to overcome the circumstances that thwarted them. They were fitted for something better and they longed to attain it, but there was some lack, either of health, of money, of energy or of something else which prevented them from escaping from their unfavorable surroundings. Only the strongest and best equipped, unaided, surmounted greatest obstacles. Yet there were hundreds of others not less worthy, although less able, who, if they should receive timely assistance, could climb the heights that now discourage them. Strange to say, the last-mentioned class, although they deserved the most attention, received the least. The unpromising poor were pitied and given alms and the successful great were lauded. But those who were gravely but ineffectually struggling against adverse circumstances were coolly ignored. It was the much and undeservedly neglected class, the noble unfortunate, whose claims for sympathetic aid from the Christian world were greater than those of any other portion of humanity.

To elucidate his subject in a manner as effective as possible, the preacher employed several illustrations. One of them briefly outlined was as follows:

One day a farmer while walking over a freshly-plowed field, espied in a furrow something which glittered. He bent down and picked up a diamond ring. There were spots of dry mud on the rim, and the once clean ornament looked neglected and weather-beaten. A few years before the farmer found it, it had been lost by a rich city woman during a rural ramble. The farmer took the ring home, washed it, burnished it, and then it looked as beautiful as when it was new. He restored it to the owner and she wore it again.

Thus was it returned to its proper place, where it could fulfill the purpose for which it was made, viz., to be an ornament, to be a thing of beauty for the admiration of all observers. But had the farmer not chanced to go by, or had he mistaken the diamond in the ring for a shining bit of quartz, and been too indifferent to make an examination, the ring would have remained in the furrow, it would have been left to its obscure fate. Soon it would have been covered with earth and rubbish, and would have continued in the wrong place forever.

The speaker next proceeded to an analogy. He contrasted the story of the ring with the story of a poor girl. Her parents were refined and intelligent, she herself was refined and sensitive, her earliest years were passed in comfort, and in surroundings suited to her tastes. But when she was fourteen years old, her parents died, she was left destitute, there was no near relatives to take care of her, and she was obliged to go to work in a factory in order to support herself. The other girls in the factory were commonplace, not a few of them were vulgar, and some were vicious. The best ones were good-hearted, but they did not understand their proud and sensitive companion, who did not readily mingle in their conversation and amusements. The girl was unhappy; she could not be otherwise in such circumstances, and yet she was too weak and too friendless to better her condition. She tried to read and improve her mind during the winter evenings, but the severe work in the factory during ten and sometimes twelve hours daily fatigued her so much that she found it almost impossible to gratify her ambition. Moreover, the woman with whom she boarded was ignorant, and the house was unclean and uncomfortable, so that the home life of the girl was unfavorable for the development of her higher tastes. Not singular, then, was it that she finally became desperate and began to yield to the weight of the circumstances that oppressed her. The vulgar talk of her companions no longer shocked her, and she gradually adopted words and expressions which formerly nothing would have induced her to use. She was deteriorating. Like the ring in the furrow, the best in her was becoming dim. She was out of her proper sphere and she knew it. She longed to escape from her present condition, to save herself from mental and perhaps moral ruin, to mingle with better people and to enjoy congenial surroundings; but of what avail was it for her to battle longer?

Fortunately at this critical period in the girl's career a rich and philanthropic man who lived near the factory became interested in her. He ascertained that her parents had been refined people, and that the hereditary traits in her family were good. He comprehended the circumstances surrounding her, and saw the temptations to which she was exposed. He recognized in her a gem in obscurity, which only needed some person able and appreciative enough to place it where it ought to be. Accordingly he adopted her as his daughter, gave her a good education and other advantages. She became a noble and accomplished woman, and her benefactor felt well repaid for his kindness. But what could be said in regard to many cases like that of this girl, where no helping hand was extended? It was sad to think of these cases. The fate of the individuals involved was similar to what the destiny of the ring would have been, had it not been found by the farmer.

The audience, most of them well-to-do persons, were much impressed by the sermon. One wealthy member of the church was especially impressed. It happened that he had become interested in a girl whose circumstances in life were almost identical with those of the one whose story the pastor had related. The man had thought of adopting her as his daughter, but he had been restrained by selfish considerations. It only needed the sermon to overcome his reluctance, and he immediately decided to carry out his philanthropic plan the next day. Now it chanced that the poor girl whom the rich man had in mind also heard the sermon, she occupying one of the free seats near the vestibule during the services. She, of course, was astonished, and wondered whether the preacher had heard of her, and had founded his story on her experience. She dared not hope, however, that she would be fortunate like the poor girl in the story, and have a helping hand extended to her. Great then were her amazement and joy when the benevolent man came to her and made his proposition. She accepted it with profound gratitude. Her new guardian was especially anxious that she should be well educated, and it was not long before he sent her to a noted boarding-school in another city. At the end of five years, Mary, that was her name, returned to her benefactor, a beautiful and accomplished young woman.

Every Sunday Mary accompanied her adopted father to church and listened to the preaching of Rev. Thomas Moulton. The minister noticed with delight that the fair young woman appeared to appreciate his sermons very much. Soon he began to cultivate her acquaintance, and made such rapid progress that friendship ripened into love with surprising celerity. He was more humble-minded than are most preachers, however, and he was disheartened by a fear which many manly men have felt. He feared that he was not good enough to become the husband of a superior woman.

In the course of a stumbling speech in which he acquainted Mary with his desires he said:

"I love you, but I feel that you are too good for me."

Mary looked at him in an encouraging and affectionate way.

"If you knew how great my obligation to you is, you would have more courage," she replied.

"What do you mean?" he eagerly asked.

"I was in the furrow, and had it not been for you I would have remained in it to this day."

The worthy clergyman was mystified. An explanation was in order. Mary recalled the sermon and told what it had done for her.

Mr. Moulton was greatly pleased, and, inasmuch as he was to obtain a good wife by means of this sermon, he declared that it was the best one he had ever preached.—J. A. Bolles, in Boston Budget.

ON MANY SUBJECTS.

LA BRUYERE use to say if poverty is the mother of crimes want of sense is the father.

THE little old republic is going to make some of its own sweetening. Switzerland is building its first sugar refinery.

THERE are looms in the old world. The linen manufactured yearly in England could be wrapped round the earth seven times.

THIS is not the only "smart and inquisitive" world. Mars, says R. J. Crowley, the English scientist, is probably in communication with other planets.

THE curious statement is made that Elsie Gray, the Stalacta of "Black Crook," is pronounced by artists to be the most perfectly formed woman on the stage.

HAUNTED STATUES.

Ancient Egyptians Believed That Images Were Animated by Spirits.

When Darius I., according to Herodotus, wished to erect his statue near that of Rameses II. (Sesostris), the priests objected on the ground that Sesostris was a greater conqueror than he. The statue in question was one of several erected before the temple of Ptah at Memphis, on the borders of the sacred lake, where is now the village of Bedreshein. After Memphis became Christian the renown of its monuments died away, and when it perished the stones were removed to serve in building Cairo. One colossus remained to our day, it having been preserved under the sand, and on being unearthed by Caviglia at the beginning of the century was found to represent Sesostris in his youth.

This colossus has been visited by most tourists in Egypt, says the London Globe. It lay on the sands near the plain of Bedreshein, in a hollow or ditch, and was covered with water during the inundation. The remains of the temple might be traced along the lake, which is still represented by a depression in the ground covered with wheat fields. Of late years Gen. Stephenson and Maj. Bagnold, R. E., have excluded the waters from the colossus, raised it on timber supports above the ground and surrounded it by a brick wall. On payment of two piasters, however, it can be seen by the curious.

M. Maspero, the great Egyptologist, relates in a French contemporary that the Arabs had formerly a great awe of this, which they called Abou'l Hol, the "father of fright," as they do the sphinx. The ancient Egyptians, he assures us, believed that statues, divine or human, were animated by a spirit or "double" detached from the soul of the person they represented. This double ate, drank, and spoke or delivered oracles. In later times the double was credited with playing evil tricks on those who approached the statue, and even with killing them. His power could be destroyed by breaking the statue, or at least the features; hence it is that so many statues of the Pharoahs have been mutilated by the Arabs.

The spirit of Rameses II. was supposed to haunt the palms at night, and M. Maspero relates that every time he passed by in the evening toward dusk the driver of his ass would mutter his prayers and hurry on his beast. One evening M. Maspero asked him if he was afraid of some "afaite" and the driver begged him not to speak of such things or some harm would befall him. Presently M. Maspero was thrown from the ass in the middle of the wood and the incident was regarded by the driver as a punishment for his not speaking respectfully of the spirit in the statue. Egypt is full of such superstitions, dating from the far past.

WHY JENNY LIND RETIRED.

An Intimate Friend of the Singer Gives the True Reason.

One matter which must be of interest to every lover of dramatic art, and which has been an enigma to many people, is now for the first time dealt with by one with authority to discuss the question, says a writer in the Century. Why did Jenny Lind quit the stage at the moment of her greatest glory, and many years before her unrivaled powers had begun to suffer any decay? Some have perhaps reluctantly accepted the widely-prevalent idea that she had come to regard the dramatic profession as an unholy thing which no pure-souled woman could remain in without contamination. Happily this notion can be entertained no longer. Her intimate friend, Froken von Stedingk, with reference to it says: "Many suppose this resolution to be the result of pietism. Jenny Lind is as God-fearing as she is pure, but had pietism been the cause, she would not herself have gone to the play, which she declared she liked to do, to see others act." The fact is that to appreciate her motive for leaving the stage is to understand the whole character of the woman. Her distaste for it seems to have begun with her first great European success and steadily grew as her fame spread. In 1840 she had lived for ten years a life of incessant hard work on the stage; yet in the following year she wrote from Paris: "Life on the stage has in it something so fascinating that I think, having once tasted it, one can never feel truly happy away from it." But in 1845, just after her transcendent success in Berlin, the idea of leaving the stage had not merely occurred to her mind, but had already become a fixed determination. Among the dominant notes of her character were love of home and craving for domestic peace. This craving was to a great extent satisfied while she remained in Stockholm, and especially during the time she lived with the Lindblad family. But when her destiny drew her in relentless triumph to Berlin, Vienna, Copenhagen, London, her domestic instincts were wrenched and tortured, and she found no compensation in all the glitter of her success. "I am convinced," said Herr Brockhaus, in April, 1846, "that she would gladly exchange all her triumphs for simple homely happiness." That was the secret of the whole matter: And so she formed the resolution to quit the stage forever, a resolution in which she never wavered from 1845, when it first took definite shape, till she carried it out in London in the summer of 1849.

A Novel Library.

A curious collection of books is contained in the library of Warstenstein, near Cassel, in Germany. The books appear at first sight to be logs of wood, but each volume is really a complete history of the tree it represents. The back shows the bark, in which a small piece is cut to write the scientific and common name as a title. One side shows the tree trunk in its natural state and the other its polished and varnished. Inside are shown the leaves, fruit, fiber and insect parasites, to which is added a full description of the tree and its products.

Rather Diaphanous.

In 1785, while George Washington was visiting at Turk Hill, Conn., it is said that he dropped a bright copper penny near the site of the Mead homestead. It was one of the few coined in that year, and diligent search was made for it, but all to no purpose. The property changed hands several weeks ago, and the new proprietor began to make some improvements. In throwing out the dirt near the old foundation the old penny is reported to have been unearthed.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.

FRIDAY, - - FEBRUARY 24, 1893.

THE City of Pittsburg elected a Democratiy mayor on Tuesday.

THE report that George A. Jenks, of Brookville, Pa., was to be Cleveland's Attorney General, as announced in another part of this paper is erroneous.

THE Governors of Southern States are to meet in Richmond two months hence and plan to attract home-seekers and capital to their respective States.

THE entire National Guard of Pennsylvania, consisting of sixteen regiments of infantry, three troops of cavalry and three batteries will attend Cleveland's inauguration.

THE Farmer's Bank at Harrisburg, suspended business on Monday. The cashier is short about $40,000 in his account. It is said that he used the Bank's funds in speculation and lost it.

THE average housewife takes pride in having a big kitchen. She should see the one connected with the restaurant at the World's Fair. It will be an immense affair and in it enough food will be cooked daily to supply 100,000 persons.

CHIEF JUSTICE PAXTON, of the Pennsylvania Supreme Court has tendered his resignation to Governor Pattison, to accept one of the Reading railroad receiverships. The renumeration of his new position will be much greater than his salary as Judge of the Supreme Court.

REPRESENTATIVE HARPER of Wyoming has sent a challenge to fight a duel to Representative Baker, with whom he had an altercation the other night. Baker said that he would settle their difficulty the next time he met Harper on the street. Both men are armed and a shooting affair is expected.

THE bill prohibiting the sale or manufacture of cigarettes in this commonwealth passed finally it the House Representatives, Tuesday morning. There were about 18 votes cast against the measure, and no decided opposition was manifested during its consideration. It will go into effect after January, 1894.

NINETEEN person were burned to death and 40 injured during a dance at Budapest. A child in a basement under the dance floor drooped a lighted taper into the bung hole of a barrel of petroleum. An explosion followed, blowing up the floor of the dance hall and spreading fire in all directions among the panic-stricken dancers.

OWING to a flurry in the stock market on Friday and Saturday of last week the Reading railroad company was forced to the wall and compelled to appoint receivers. The receivers appointed are, Arch. McLeod, President of the company, Chief Justice E. M. Paxson, and Elisha P. Wilbar, ex-president of the Lehigh Valley road.

JUDGE GRESHAM, a few days ago said: "I accepted the secretaryship of state purely from a sense of duty. I've had all that I care for in politics. I know its shallowness and its intrigues, and it was not the glamor that prompted me to accept. I had no desire to return to Washington, and whatever may be said, I accepted simply because the office was urged upon me by friends as a duty that I owe to the American people."

THE desk occupied by Senator Carlisle, of Kentucky, when he resigned his seat in the Senate in order to take one at the cabinet table, was decorated on Tuesday with the model of a log cabin standing in a garden of roses. It was in honor of Mr. Carlisle's successor, Mr. Lindsay, who appeared and took the oath of office and subquently cast his first vote as a Senator on a proposition respecting a site for a new government printing office in Washington.

IN the House, on Thursday, the amendment to the pension law providing for the transfer of the pension bureau to the war department was disagreed to by 53 to 95. The amendment relative to requiring pensioners under the act of 1890 to show that they were disabled for manual labor, and have not an annual income of $600, and providing that no widow shall be granted a pension if she was not married within five years after the close of the war in which her husband served, were also defeated without division.

MR. CLEVELAND announced on Friday evening that Sterling Mortcn, of Nebraska, who visited him at his request that day, was tendered the secretaryship of agriculture and accepted it. Mr. Morton is one of the most prominent Democrats in the state of Nebraska. He has been in the state legislature and was talked of as a candidate for governor last fall. Very little is known of him east, but he has been a prominent figure in the west for a number of years. He owned a proprietary interest in an Omaha newspaper at one time.

SENATOR GORMAN, in some remarks he made in the Senate in opposition to an appropriation for public buildings, spoke of the serious and alarming condition which confronted the country, expressed the belief that only the borders of the trouble had been touched and said that extraordinary action would have to be taken by the treasury department, or else congress would have to reassemble before next July to meet the condition. His warning did not prevent the Senate from agreeing to all the amendments that were offered making appropriations for or increasing the limit of cost of public buildings.

A REPUBLICAN journal comments upon the fact that the four Cabinet officers thus far selected by Mr. Cleveland—Carlisle, Gresham, Lamont and Bissell are "all poor men."

It is well that it is so. There is need of the example of men willing to serve their country and their party at some sacrifice to themselves. It will be a sorry day for the Republic when plutocrats self-seeking politicians, corporation agents and merely rich men who seek high place as a decoration are permitted to monopolize the public offices.

The appointment of men or independent character, who are comparatively poor, to high offices is likewise needed as an example of simplicity, frugality and prudence in public life. As Mr. Cleveland said in his speech at the Reform Club dinner: "We should strive to rid ourselves and our countrymen of the idea that there is anything shabby or disgraceful in economy, whether in public or private life."

With the Treasury empty of justly available funds, as the result of two Billion-Dollars Congresses aided and abetted by a recklessly extravagant administration, it is time that the visible Government of the country should be free from the prevailing lavishness and the vulgar rivalries of wealth. With a President of simple tastes and Democratic instincts and habits, and a Cabinet made up of poor men, there will be a healthy tone to public life at the capital which it has often lacked.

The next President is a Democrat, and the next Administration is to be Democratic, with all that this implies and requires.

MR. CLEVELAND on Wedensday night announced that he had completed the selection of his cabinet which is as follows:

Secretary of State—Walter Q Gresham, of Illinois.

Secretary of the Treasury—John G. Carlisle, of Kentucky.

Postmaster General—Wilson S. Bissell, of New York.

Secretary of War—Daniel S. Lamont, of New York.

Secretary of the Navy—Hilary A. Herbert, of Alabama.

Attorney General—Richard Olney, of Massachusetts.

Secretary of the Interior—Hoke Smith, of Georgia.

Secretary of Agriculture—J. Sterling Morton, of Nebraska.

This gives the South three representatives, New York two, the West two, and New England one.

"GET rid of the bummers," says Commander Weissart of the G. A. R. This, indeed, should be the first step in the movement for pension reform. After they shall have been gotten rid of much will have been removed that has made the system needlessly and scandalously expensive. Then should be made to go all pensioners whose circumstances do not need the bounty, but who take it only because the law allows them to receive it. The removal of these mistakenly pensioned classes should be accompanied by the suppression of the pension agents, whose connection with the system, as a rule, has been one of its most pernicious features. Such reformatory measures as these would relieve the people of much of the intolerable burden which the demagogy and cowardice of the politicians of both parties in regard to the soldier vote has imposed upon them.

N. W. ROACH, of Grand Forks, North Dakota, was elcted United States Senator from that state on Monday. Mr. Roach is a Democrat, and his election was caused on the sixty-first ballot by receiving the voes of all the Democrats and Independents and two Republicans. Mr. Roach has been a resident of Dakota for the past dozen years, going to North Dakota from the District of Columbia. He was born in London county Va. and is now 35 years of age. He has a family of four children and is now a widower. He has stood for his party as its candidate for Governor on two different occasions. He is a large wheat grower.

AN anti-masher bill passed the Ohio house of representatives, last week, and is as follows: Any married man who shall fraudulently represent himself to be unmarried and make proposals of marriage to any unmarried female of good character, or repeatedly call on or keep company with such female upon such false pretense that he is unmarried, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be fined not less than $100 nor more than $300 or imprisonment in the county jail of not less than six months nor more than two years, or both, at the discretion of the court."

ROBERT L. WALKER, a prominent banker of Youngstown, Ohio, made an assignment Friday for the benefit of his creditors. The failure causes a great sensation for the reason that Governor William McKinley is on the paper of Mr. Walker for $70,000 as indorser, and will probably have every dollar of it to pay. Governor McKinley is comparatively a poor man and this blow will crush him financially. It is feared that the Walker failure will precipitate trouble for the Governor in other places where large amounts are unsecured beyond merely his signature to a note.

PENNSYLVANIA will have a citizen a member of Mr. Cleveland's cabinet. On Monday George A. Jenks, of Brookville received a telegram from Mr. Cleveland stating that he had been selected for Attorney General. Mr. Jenks was Solicitor General in Cleveland's first administration. He was a member of the Forty-fourth Congress. For several years he has had charge of the Dubois estate, one of the largest landed estates in the State, if not in the country. He is considered as a man of exceptional ability. His legal opinions have scarcely ever been overturned.

Washington Letter.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 18th, 1893. Mr. Harrison may have the best of motives for the manner in which he acted aboutthe annexation of Hawaii, but there is something about it which in another man would have been called sharp practice. The impression was allowed to go out that if annexation was recommended it would be by act of Congress, which would give the House as much say about it as the Senate. But this week he sent a treaty which the Secretary of State had negotiated with the Hawiian commissioners, providing for immediate annexaton and leaving the legislative details to be arranged by the next Congress, to the Senate, urging in the special message which went with it that the treaty be promptly ratified.

It is argued in favor of the railroading business that it was too late in the session to get legislation on the subject, and that it was necessary to take such action.

Democrats in the House fail to see the point in such an argument. Many of them are strongly in favor of annexation, but they can see no good reason, so long as the matter will have to be completed under President Cleveland's administration, why it was not left for his administration to begin it.

Granting that to do it by treaty and not by an act of Congress was the best way, there is no getting around the fact that within two weeks the Senate of the Fifty-third Congress will be in extra session for the purpose of confirming Mr. Cleveland's nominations for the cabinet and other important positions, and that there would have been next to no delay in allowing this treaty to go over and be sent to the Senate by Mr. Cleveland, if it met with his approval. That would have been just and proper; the present arrangement is neither. It is stated that Mr. Harrison recieved positive assurance before the treaty was sent to the Senate that it would be ratified, and he feels so easy about it that he has gone duck-shooting, to remain until next week. It is, of course, possible for the Democratic Senators to prevent action on the treaty at this session, but there are so many of them who have committed themselves in its favor that it is not very probable.

The official announcement of the selection of four members of Mr. Cleveland's cabinet has been much talked about since it was received. Mr. Carlisle's selection was known before and had been enthusiastically received by Democrats in Congress. Judge Gresham's ability is admitted by all, but his Democracy isn't, and for that reason his selection, as Secretary of State, was not recieved with as much favor as was that of Carlisle. Dan Lamont needed no introduction to the Democrats in Congress, all of whom expect him to prove a model Secretary of war and are glad that he is not to "go up higher." Mr. Bissell is not widely known among public men, but those who do know him speak in such high terms of both his ability and his Democracy that his selection to be Postmaster General meets with much favor. The Republicans have been and are still trying to use Judge Gresham as a lever create dissention in the ranks of the Democratic party, but they are meeting with poor success. No good Democrat is foolish enough to expect that every man selected as a member of the cabinet will be his personal choice for the place.

Every student of history knows that circumstances have quite as much, and often more, to do with the choice of members of the cabinet than the personal inclinations of the President, to say nothing of other members of the party.

The advantage of having clear-headed business men in Congress was never more conspicuosly brought out than when Senator Brice in in a five-minute talk explained what would be the status of the stock issued by the Nicaraguan canal company, in case the bill now pending guaranteeing the interest on $100,000,000, of bonds to be issued, becomes a law. Before Mr. Brice made his statement Senators Sherman and Teller had got into a dispute in which both used words which meant "you are a liar," but the statement was impossible. It was Mr. Brice's first speech in the Senate. Although this bill now has the right of way in the Senate as the "unfinished buisness" no one seems to expect that it will be voted on at this session, and it is certain that it will not be voted on in the House, even if passed by the Senate.

Congress, particularly the House, has made rapid headway with the appropriation bills this week, and unless something unexpected shall transpire to prevent they will all be disposed of well in advance of the day of adjournment.

There was some talk early this week of another attempt to bring about compromise silver legislation, but the suspicion that New York bankers are trying to bring about a financial scare for that purpose make it almost certain that nothing will come of it.

ST. LOUIS, February 19.—The illness of Archbishop Peter Richard Kenrick, of this diocese, is becoming more than serious. He is confined to his bed and most of the time his mind wanders. No one is allowed to see him. His Vicar General, Rev. P. P. Brady, is also ill, and the affairs of the diocese are rapidly falling behind. Archbishop P. J. Ryan, of Philadelphia, a former coadjutor to Kendrick, will be in St. Louis within a few days, and the report is given out that he has received instructions from Mgr. Satolli to look after the affairs of the diocese pending either the recovery of the Archbishop or the qualification of a coadjutor.

WASHINGTON, February 21.—The President to day sent to the senate the report of the delegates to the international monetary conference. They say that in the discussion of the various propositions the attitude of nearly all the governments was disclosed. The recognition was general in the conference of a monetary evil requiring a remedy. It is anticipated by the delegates upon reassembling the conference will be able to state definitely the views of their respective governments as to what plans are practicable to secure the greater use of silver as a part of the metallic money of the world.

CONNELLSVILLE, Februaay. 20.—The report reached here to-night of the freezing of a man named John Dawson in the mountains five miles north of here. Investigations made after the body was found indicate that in the heavy wind storm of Saturday night Dawson's buggy was blown off a bluff skirting the road he was traversing. He was not disabled in the fall, but the horse freed himself from the wreck and got away. Dawson tried to walk to his place, but got lost in the mountain road and wandered around until he sank down from exhaustion and froze to death.

HARRISBURG, February 20.—The suspension of the Farmer's bank to-day is still the talk of the city. Colonel John Mottet, a director, says the failure is due to the stock speculation of F. C. Fink, the cashier, who is alleged to be short about $40,000. The impairment of the capital has been made good, but until the assignee finishes his investigation, the exact situation will not be known. The capital of the bank was $100,000 and the par value of the stock $50 a share.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Terrific Storm at Wilkesbarre.

WILKESBARRE, February 19.—At 9 o'clock to-night a terrific blizzard swept over this city and vicinity, accompanied by peals of thunder and blind flashes of lightning. It has been snowing all day and in the evening the fury of the storm increased.

The wind blowing forty miles an hour from the southwest drove the snow before it in sheets. Pedestrians almost within reach of their own doors became confused by the blinding snow and had serious difficulty in reaching places of safety.

For fully a half hour the blizzard raged, the mercury going down ten degrees. The air seemed to be packed with flying snow, the wind howled frightfully and the lightning played about in a dangerous manner. Residents of this city, thinking that a repetition of the great blizzard was about to be enacted, fortified themselves as best they could and waited nervously for the worst.

Fortunately, however, the wind abated and all fears of a cyclone were allayed. The wind worked havoc in exposed places about the city, where signs were torn down, window glass shattered and telephone and telegraph wires prostrated. The storm paralyzed traffic on the electric roads, and all trains running into this city are late.

The People vs. the Machine.

Now it is dawning upon this country that Mr. Cleveland does not rely upon the machine in New York and will conduct his Administration with disregard of its demands. If he has digested and perfected a purpose of crushing a little himself there will be neither surprise nor grief. He has already taught Democrats that the mighty nerve power of the people can be called out to organize a party after a better model. It is a fortunate time for calling out the best element of the Democracy. For years the Republican party cannot be aggressive. When Blaine smashed his silk hat in anger at the folly of Republican leaders he struck the hour of Republican rout. No other opposition to Democracy can soon fight aggresively. This is the opportunity for an assertion, from ocean to ocean, of the higher impulses of the party. In the lassitude of other parties an internal reorganization can be effected with slight danger to the disciplinary force of Democracy. If the strong, reputable, disinterested Democrat will come forward and enlist for the work, the Cleveland administration will help them and the people will form in irrestistible battalions under their leadership.—*Kansas City Times.*

The Chinese Act.

"What are you going to do about it?" is the question virtually asked of the United States Government by the Celestials who have failed to comply with the Geary Chinese Registration Act. In Philadelphia, out of a Chinese population of thirteen hundred, only four have registered, and the time for deportation of those who have not complied with the Act is near at hand. The total sum available for the deportation of Chinamen is only $40,000, an amount which would scarcely pay for the tickets to San Francisco of one-half the Celestials who make their homes on this side of the Allegheny Mountains. It has estimated that the cost of deporting the one hundred thousand Mongolians who refused to register under the Act would amount to about $10,000,000.

An Electric Car Upset.

PORTLAND, ORE., FEBRUARY 16.—A frightful accident occured on the City and Surburban electric railway yesterday afternoon, in which three persons were instantly killed and a dozen seriously injured. The cars were going down hill when the motorman lost control of it, and it plunged down two blocks at a terific speed. When the car reached the curve at the bottom of the hill it left the track and overturned. The momentum was so great that in leaving the track the car was dashed to pieces. There were forty-five passengers on the car, among them being twenty young people who constituted a graduating class of Williams Avenue grammer school. The dead are: J. O. Dennis, aged 70; Bertram Dennis, his son, age 8, and J. T. Johnton.

White Caps on a Raid.

Bedford, Pa., February 19.—Last night twenty men, part of whom were masked called at the house of John Pleasinger in the suburbs of the town and after knocking at the door which was opened, asked for Orange Gordon, a colored man who has been waiting on Pleasinger's daughter for some months. Pleasinger showed fight when four revolvers were thrust in his face which had the result of quieting him. They searched the house but Gordon had made his escape at the rear. They then went up stairs and finding the girl in bed gave her a mild thrashing with hickory switches. The girl showed fight and succeded in knocking one of the white caps down. The party were provided with tar and feather and Gordon would have fared badly had he been found.

O'Donnell Not Guilty.

PITTSBURG, February 19.—Hugh O'Donnell, the leader of the strikers during the Homestead riot, was found not guilty by a jury. He was accused of murder alleged to have been committed during the long strike. The defense was that, instead of inciting the men to riot, he advised them to withdraw and not attack the Pinkertons.

This ends the Homestead trials until the March term of court. It is possible that all the other cases may go over until the June term of court, and the Homestead men now in jail will be admitted to bail. The arguments for new trials in the Dempsey and the anarchist cases will be made on Monday, and then Homestead will sink into comparative obscurity for a time.

Quite A Romance.

A marriage took place at El Reno, Tex., a short time ago that borders on the "romantic." A woman who was divorced from her husband some years ago was stopping at a boarding house in that city with her children. Her funds finaly became exhausted, and her landlady learning the whereabouts of the womans's exhusband, wrote him and acquainted him with the circumstances, and the couple were married and at once left for their old home.

NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS.

Happy and content is a home with "The Rochester," a lamp with the light of the morning. Catalogues, write Rochester Lamp Co., New York.

—From the reports of the Inter-State Commerce Commission it appears that the number of miles of railroads in the United States is 168,402, or more than six times the circumference of the earth.

—Frederick Krause died at Byertown, Berks county, Pa., Friday night. He was the son of Isaac Krause, and was thirty-six years old. Although a man in years he was a child in stature and all his life he spent in a cradle.

—A female lunatic in England is of the opinion that she is an envelope containing a letter, and with this idea she fixes a stamp on her forehead and imagines that she goes through the post to visit her relatives. The following day she sticks another stamp on for the return journey.

—Among the historical Washington papers is a contract entered into between the father of his country and the foreman of his farm. There is a clause in it which provides that the foreman may get drunk a certain number of times each year without suffering the displeasure of his employer.

—Reports have reached Guthrie, O. T., that a large body of Cheyenne Indians are holding a ghost dance in Mills county, on their reservation, near the scene of the battle with Custer, and are becoming very ugly. The settlers in that vicinity have asked for protection, and some of them state that it is certain the Indians have killed one white man during the last few days. The matter will be investigated at once.

—Thomas Benson, a wire-hooker in the Rod Mill at the Braddock Wire Works at Rankin Station, was standing near the rolls Saturday morning when a piece of half-inch wire ran from above the rolls, struck Benson at the right ear and ran though and came out the other side. The rod kept running for several yards, coming out of the rolls through Benson's neck until the rolls were stopped. The wire was almost chilled before it could be pulled from Benson's person. He was expected to die.

—Mattie E. Buchanan aged 17 years, was burned to death by the explosion of a lamp at her home in Pittsburg on Monday morning. She was alone in the kitchen when her mother rushed in and found her enveloped in flames. Fireman were summoned from an engine house across the street and turned four Babcocks upon her prostrate body, but by the time the fire was extinguished she was dead, being literally roasted alive. The fire in the kitchen was extinguished with difficulty. The girl's mother is a widow. It is not known what caused the explosion.

LILLY

BANKING : CO.,

LILLY, PA.

JNO. R. MULLEN, - - - CASHIER.

A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED.

FIRE, LIFE, AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE.

ALL THE PRINCIPAL STEAMSHIP LINES REPRESENTED BY US.

Accounts of merchants, farmers and others earnestly solicited, assuring our patrons that all business entrusted to us will receive prompt and careful attention, and be held strictly confidential. Customers will be treated as liberally as good banking rules will permit.

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Manufacturer of and Dealer in

ALL KINDS of HARNESS.



SADDLES, BRIDLES, WHIPS,

COLLARS HARNESS OILS, BLANKETS,

Robes, Fly Nets, Curry Combs, etc., etc. Repairing Neatly and Promptly done. All work guaranteed to give satisfaction.

Riding Bridles, from ..... 50c. up.
Team Bridles, from ..... $1 50 up.
Lap Dusters, from ..... 40c. up.
Machine-made Harness, from ..... $6 00 up.
Hand-made Harness, from ..... $16 00 up.

Call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere. I guarantee to sell as cheap as the cheapest.

Shop Marker's Row on Centre Street.
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JOHN PFISTER,

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Hardware, Queensware,

MADE-UP CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

VEGETABLES IN SEASON.

HARNESS, ETC.,

OPPOSITE JUNCTION HOTEL,

CRESSON, PA.

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JUST RECEIVED!

—A LARGE LOT—

Boots & Shoes

—BOUGHT AT—

Sheriff's Sale!

—FROM THE STOCK OF—

W. E. SCHMERTZ & CO.,

PITTSBURG, PA.

The public invited to call. Prices away down.

JNO. LLOYD & SONS.



DR. L. L. CARMER.

Stricken Down with Heart Disease.

Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

GENTLEMEN: I feel it my duty, as well as a pleasure, to publish, unsolicited, to the world the benefit received from DR. MILES' RESTORATIVE REMEDIES. I was stricken down with *Heart Disease* and its complications, a rapid pulse varying from 90 to 140 beats per minute, a choking or burning sensation in the wind pipe, oppression **THOUSANDS** in the chest, much pain in the region of the heart and below lower rib, pain in the arms, shortness of breath, sleeplessness, weakness and general debility. The arteries in my neck would throb violently, the throbbing of my heart could be heard across a large room and would shake my whole body. I was so nervous that I could not hold my hand steady. *I have been under the treatment of eminent physicians, and have taken gallons of Patent Medicine without the least benefit.* A friend recommended your remedies. She was cured by Dr. Miles' remedies. I have taken three bottles of your New Heart Cure and two bottles Nervine. My pulse is normal, I have no more violent throbbing of the heart, **I AM A WELL MAN.** I sincerely recommend every one with symptoms of Heart Disease to *take Dr. Miles' Restorative Remedies and be cured.* **CURED**

Gypsum City, Kans. L. L. CARMER.

Sold on a Positive Guarantee.
OR MONEY RETURNED.
SOLD BY DR. T. J. DAVISON,
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Garfield Tea Overcomes results of bad eating. Cures Constipation, Restores Complexion, Saves Doctors' Bills. Sample free. GARFIELD TEA CO., 329 W. 45th St., N. Y.

Cures Sick Headache

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SPRING ANNOUNCEMENT

We have now on sale our New Importations of

ALL-WOOL FRENCH CHALLIES,
FINE DRESS GINGHAMS,
EMBROIDERIES,
LACES,

And will be pleased to submit SAMPLES BY MAIL.

You'll find the Styles and Values surpassing good.

All-Wool Challies,

30 and 31 inch Goods in Light and Dark Grounds in large variety of Choice New Styles, 40c., 45c., 50c., 55c.

40 PIECES FRENCH ZEPHYR GINGHAMS—Dress Styles—25 cent qualities at 16 cents, while this lot lasts only.

NEW SATIN STRIPE And Silk Stripe Ginghams—fast colors and washable.

FRENCH ZEPHYR GINGHAMS—Elegant New Styles, 20c., 25c.

NOVELTY GINGHAMS—35 cents. ANDERSON GINGHAMS—35 cents.

EMBROIDERIES. The 40,000 styles represented in this stock, embraces so many lines and such a range of prices, that it is impossible here to mention them in detail.

If you will make known to our MAIL ORDER DEPT your Embroidery and Lace wants for your spring sewing, you will receive samples representing such unusual values and stylish patterns as will surely please and merit your approval. TRY IT.

BOGGS & BUHL,

115, 117, 119 & 121 Federal St.,

ALLEGHENY, PA.

IT IS A DUTY you owe yourself and family to get the best value for your money. Economize in your footwear by purchasing W. L. Douglas Shoes, which represent the best value for prices asked, as thousands will testify.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.



W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN,

THE BEST SHOE IN THE WORLD FOR THE MONEY.

A genuine sewed shoe, *that will not rip,* fine calf, seamless, smooth inside, flexible, more comfortable, stylish and durable than any other shoe ever sold at the price. Equals custom made shoes costing from $4 to $5.

$4 and **$5 Hand-sewed,** fine calf shoes. The most stylish, easy and durable shoes ever sold at the price. They equal fine imported shoes costing from $6 to $8.

$3.50 Police Shoe, worn by farmers and all others who want a good heavy calf, three soled, extension edge shoe, easy to walk in, and will keep the feet dry and warm.

$2. Fine Calf, **$2.25** and **$2.00 Workingmen's** Shoes will give more wear for the money than any other make. They are made for service. The increasing sales show that workingmen have found this out.

Boys' $2.00 and **Youths' $1.75 School Shoes** are worn by the boys everywhere. The most serviceable shoes sold at the prices.

Ladies' $3.00 Hand-sewed, $2.50. $2.00 and **$1.75** Shoes for Misses are made of the best Dongola or fine calf, as desired. They are stylish, comfortable and durable. The $3.00 shoe is a custom made shoes costing from $4.00 to $5.00. Ladies who wish to economize in their footwear are doing this out.

Caution.—W. L. Douglas' name and the price is stamped on the bottom of each shoe; look for it when you buy. Beware of dealers attempting to substitute other makes for them. Such substitutions are fraudulent and subject to prosecution by law for obtaining money under false pretences.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. Sold by

C. T. ROBERTS,

Agent, EBENSBURG, PA.

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HOTEL LE GRANDE,

H. J. SHETTIG, PROPRIETOR.

Located at DuBois, Pa., near the B. R. & P. Railway Depot. We always endeavor to furnish the best accommodations to business men, pleasure seekers and boarders. Persons in search of comfort and quiet will find it a desirable place to stop. The table is unsurpassed and is always supplied with the best the market affords, and all the delicacies of the season. The Bar is supplied with the choicest of pure liquors and cigars and nothing but the best is sold. Special attention given to the care of horses.

H. J. SCHETTIG.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Whereas letters of administration on the estate of John Bebe, late of Washington township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment without delay and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

Feb. 10, 1893. JOHN M'TAMANY, Administrator

IT WAS A LONG LINE!

Touch the pocket tightly and the good will of the public is gained. This explains the steady stream of trade which on Saturday flowed in and out of

WOOLF'S!

It was a grand outpouring of the patrons of Low Prices. No necessity for us to explain why we can sell Clothing so much lower than others do.

A LOOK AT OUR METHOD

of doing business and a thought of the immense trade tell the story.

The great Bargains in our Pants Department are attracting hundreds of buyers this week:

WOOLF'S,

THE LEADERS.

GREAT REDUCTION

—IN—

Winter Clothing!

—AT—

J. B. WILBER'S,

EBENSBURG,

To make room for my Spring Stock, which will be the Largest ever shown in Northern Cambria County.

MEN'S SUITINGS, FORMER PRICE					$20.00	NOW $18.00
"	"	"	"	"	18.00	" 16.00
"	"	"	"	"	15.00	" 13.50
"	"	"	"	"	14.00	" 12.50
"	"	"	"	"	12.50	" 10.00
"	"	"	"	"	10.00	" 8.50
"	"	"	"	"	9.00	" 8.00
"	"	"	"	"	6.50	" 5.00
"	"	"	"	"	4.50	" 3.75

Boys' and Children's

HEAVY - CLOTHING

in the same proportion.

Heavy Overcoats at almost any price. Now is the time to buy. Come one, come all and see for yourselves.

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CARL RIVINIUS,

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WATCHMAKER & JEWELER,

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Watches, Clocks

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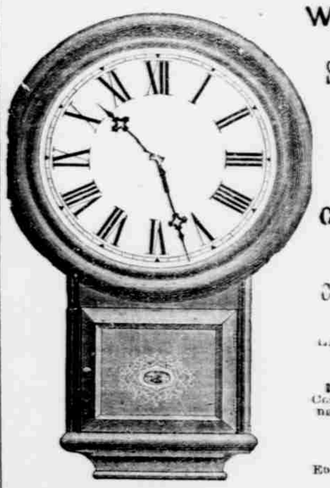
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Optical Goods.

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—FOR THE—

Celebrated Rockford WATCHES.



Columbia and Fredonia Watches. In Key and Stem Winders.

LARGE SELECTION OF ALL KIND of JEWELRY always on hand.

My line of Jewelry is unsurpassed Come and see for yourself before purchasing elsewhere.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

CARL RIVINIUS

Ebensburg, Nov. 11, 1885-tf.

FALL SEASON,

1892!

The Fall and Winter season of 1892 promises to be one of the best seasons we have ever had. We have heretofore carried the Largest and Finest Stock in Northern Cambria, and with the expectation of a good fall season, we have more than doubled our stock. We are now prepared to show you the Finest assortment of

CLOTHING, OVERCOATS AND GENTS' FURNISHINGS

in the county and give you the **LOWEST PRICES** in the state. Our stock needs to be seen to be appreciated. Call and see us and we will save you money.

C. A. SHARBAUGH,

CARROLLTOWN, - - - PA.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.

FRIDAY, - - FEBRUARY 24, 1893.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

—Mr. W. A. Scanlan was here on Thurspay.

—Mr. C. A. Dimond, of Summerhill, was in town on Thursday.

—Mr. John F. Tibbott, of this place, is confined to his home by illness.

—Mr. Gotlieb Pfeister, of Cresson, spent a few hours in town on Friday.

—Hon. M. Fitzharris, of Gallitzin was in town for a few hours on Friday.

—Mr. John McGuire, of Delaney, was a visitor to our office on Thursday.

—The whole Republican city ticket was elected in Johnstown on Tuesday.

—Mr. Peter Campbell, Carrolltown's postmaster was in town on Monday.

—Mr. Joseph Brown, of Summerhill, was a visitor to our office on Wednesday.

—Miss May Ivory, of Greensburg, is visiting Miss Mary Bender, of this place.

—The total receipts of the entertainment given by Prof. Bible, on Friday night, were $45.75.

—Mr. John T. Long, the enterprising contractor, of Summerhill, was in town on Thursday.

—The license court is in session this week but up to this time no licenses have been granted.

—Olive, fifteen months old child of Judson Reese, of Blacklick township, died on Saturday evening.

—Mrs. Painter, who was on trial at Greensburg last week for posioning her husband, was acquitted.

—Messrs. Thomas Plunket and John Trainer, of Tunnelhill, were visitors to our office on Wednesday.

—Dr. T. S. Troxell, of Gallitzin, has been appointed surgeon for the Pennsylvania railroad company at that place.

—Mrs. Evaristus Wilt, of Chest Springs, has been granted a pension of $8 a month and back pay from August 1890.

—Mr. Samuel M. Hoyer, a native of Croyle township, in this county, was elected mayor of Altoona on Tuesday.

—Mr. John Beers one of Reade township's oldest citizens and a veteran of the Mexican war, was in town on Thursday.

—Landlord Craver, of the Blair House, lost a valuable horse on Wednesday night. Botts is supposed to have caused its death.

—A tramp was struck by a train, near Bolivar, Thursday night, and instantly killed. From some papers found on his person, it is supposed that his name was Fred. Parks.

—Mr. Dan Zahm, fireman on the branch will next week go to Cresson to take a like position on the Cresson & Coalport road for several weeks.

—Miss Kate C. Rodgers, of Philadelphia, sister of Mrs. C. T. Roberts, of this place, was seriously injured by a fall received at Philadelphia on Tuesday.

—The committee on examination for permanent certificates will meet in Ebensburg, March 31, and April 1, at which time applicants will be examined.

—After the first of March the mail route between Ebensburg and Carrolltown will be discontinued and the mail between the two points carried on the railroad.

—John Ludwig, son of Mr. Samuel Ludwig, of this place, had one of his hands severely crushed in the machinery of his father's grist mill one day last week.

—Jessie, a little daughter of Postmaster J. Earl Ogle, of Johnstown, died on Friday evening, of pneumonia aged one year, seven months and twenty-one days.

—The cream of the country papers are found in Remington's county seat lists. Shrewd advertisers will avail themselves of these lists, a copy of which can be had of Remington Bros., of New York, of Pittsburg.

—During the storm on Sunday night the large barn of Mr. William Carney, in Munster township, was unroofed. The storm lifted the roof entire from the upper plates and dropped it between the barn and the pike.

—A. R. Salkeld, of Gallitzin, made an information before Justice Jones, of this place, last week against Emmet Dignam, of Gallitzin, for selling liquor to minors. Mr. Dignam has entered bail for his appearance at court.

—Ex-Register and Recorder C. J. Blair, of this place, accompanied by his wife and mother, went to Altoona this (Thursday) afternoon, being called thither by the death of Mrs. Sallie, wife of W. Worth Blair, eldest son of Ex-Sheriff Blair, of this place.

—George Garris, of Johnstown, was brought to jail on Tuesday charged by Sylvester Siehle with the larceny of $125, from his trunk. After a hearing before Alderman Harris, Garris was held for court and in default of $500 bail, he was brought to jail.

—The Hope Fire company, of Altoona, on Wednesday purchased from John Marrion, of near Chest Springs, this county, a pair of dapple-gray horses which they will use to haul their steamer to fires. The price paid was $350.

—On Thursday night of last week the Recorder's office in the Westmoreland county court house was entered by burglars who broke open the money drawer in which was $9.50 in money and several checks which they carried off. The office door was opened with a skeleton key.

—A corps of engineers under the direction of Harry Moss, formerly of Spangler, arrived here this week and are at work on the Blacklick extension of the Ebensburg branch. They are at present working about two miles west of town with a view of making some betterments in the line originally surveyed.

—The worst blizzard of the season struck this place on Sunday evening and although the wind has abated, the snow at this writing, Wednesday evening, is still falling. The branch road is completely blockaded between this place and Kaylors and all travel with the outside world is made overland to Cresson with sleighs.

—Nelson Bittner, a whilom distiller, aged 48, with a wife and three children, and Mrs. George Martz, a young woman with four children, living at Glencoe, Somerset county, have disappeared from that locality. Both deserted their families. Before his departure Bittner converted all his possessions into money, which he took with him.

—On Tuesday evening, Vincent Smith, weighmaster at the Cambria blooming mill in Johnstown, was crushed between two coal cars in the Cambria yard in that city. Mr. Smith was passing between two cars when an engine pushed the cars together catching him between them. He died in a few minutes after. He was about fifty years of age.

—Some time ago Mrs. Mary J. Isenberg, who at the time kept a boarding house in Ebensburg, made information against a number of Johnstown young men, charging them with defrauding her out of board bills. Among the parties accused was Jacob Martin, who had defrauded Mrs. Isenburg to the amount of $4.50. Martin was not arrested until Tuesday, when Constable Harris corralled him. At the hearing on Wednesday Martin showed that he wanted to go to jail by his insolence, and Alderman Harris accommodated him by sending him to jail for ninety days. He was taken to jail last evening.—*Johnstown Herald.*

—Messrs. C. A. Sharbaugh, of Carolltown James A McClain, of Spangler, and Fletcher C. George, of Lilly, were recently appointed notaries public by Governor Pattison.

—A telegram received here this (Thursday) afternoon brought the sad intelligence that Mrs. Sallie, wife of W. Worth Blair of Altoona, had just died. Mrs. Blair was about 30 years of age, and besides a bereaved husband, leaves five small children, two of them tiwns but recently born, to mourn a mothers loss.

—Burgess-elect Lloyd, should at once purchase a few Hungarian and Italian text books and post himself up on the language of the Huns and the Ikes so that he can administer the borough ordinances to his transient customers during the time of the building of the railroad, in a manner that they will understand.

—Suit was entered on Saturday in the Blair county courts for $15,000 damages for breach of promise to marry, by Elmira Williams, of Johnstown, against Elmer Gerhart, of Altoona. The plaintiff avers, in her declaration, that her engagement was contracted on Christmas Day, 1890, but her suitor has proved faithless to his vows since that time. Mr. Gerhart was required to furnish $5,000 bail.

—A delightful mixture for perfuming clothes that are packed away, and which is said to keep out moths, is made by pounding to a powder one ounce each of cloves, caraway seed, nutmeg, mace, cinamon and Tonquine beans, and as much orris root as will equal the weight of the foregoing ingredients put together. Little bags of muslin should be filled with this mixture and placed among the garments.

—After considerable squirming our contemporary, the Republican *Gosling*, concluded that the FREEMAN is generally right in its diagnosis, and that it, the *Gosling*, was Republican as the FREEMAN had pronounced it, and on Friday announced that hereafter it would be a true Republican *Gosling* and support the party of Lincoln, Grant and Blaine. If the Republican party can stand it, we see no reason why anyone else should object.

—Notwithstanding trains were kept running on the Ebensburg & Cresson branch on Sunday for the purpose of keeping the road open, old Boreas got ahead of the railroad company and on Sunday night filled up the cuts with snow and closed the road. Communication between Ebensburg and the outside world is now made by sleighs running from Ebensburg to Cresson to connect with trains on the main line.

—We clip the following pointer from an exchange: "What shall it profit the country editor if he shall gain the applause of the whole world and lose that dollar you owe him for subscription? For all is vanity save the dollar. Yea, verily, man shall not live by bread alone, but it is very essential that he have a little bread, and wherewithal shall a young man buy bread if the dollar is withholden? Brethren, think on these things."

—On Wednesday morning Mr. Charles Owens, the undertaker of this place, started to go to the residence of Mr. Judson Reese, in Blacklick township, taking with him a small coffin for a child of Mr. Reese's that had died on Sunday evening. When about three miles from town Mr. Owens' horse got off the road in a drift and in plunging through the snow broke the sled. Mr. Owens had to leave the sled and coffin and return to town for another sled.

—An exchange says there are things a levelheaded human being should never do. Among these is to walk on the railroad track, to attempt to get on a moving train, to point a gun or a pistol at another, to put his name on another man's note, to keep his savings in an old stocking under his bed, to play a game of chance with a prepossessing stranger, to run for office when he has a paying situation in private life, or call a bigger man than himself a liar.

—Mr. John Barnett, one of the auditors for Allegheny township, was here on Monday after the election tickets for that township. Mr. Barnett had to walk from Kaylor's to Ebensburg, having reached Kaylor,s by means of the train from Hastings but at that point found further travelling by rail cut off by the snow. In company with about a dozen landlords from the north of the county who were interested in the granting of licenses, Mr. Barnett set out through the drifts and reached here about noon.

—The Curwensville *Monitor* of the 15th says: A train of eighteen empty coal cars passed over the Mahaffey extension of the Beech Creek railroad last Sunday en route to Patton, Cambria county. We understand that coal traffic on the extension will begin but that it will not be open for general traffic for some time yet. The trestle work at the Hoyt tunnel will not permit an engine to pass through but two are employed, one on each side of the hill, and the cars are pushed through by one and caught by the other.

—A correspondent writing to the Huntingdon *News* from Oneida township, Huntingdon county, says: "We were shown recently a curiosity, which the Allison children, of Miller township, have in their possession—a cucumber in a narrow necked bottle. It grew on the mountain near Cresson, Cambria county 33 years ago; being placed in the bottle, when small, by their father, and allowed to reach its present size, when it was harvested, the bottle filled with alchol, and there it is today in a perfect state of preservation.

—About two weeks ago Miss Samantha V. Albaugh, of Jackson township, made an information before Alderman Harris against Isaac E. Bowers, of East Taylor township, charging him with trifling with her affections. Bowers was arrested at the time, and a marriage had been arranged for, but he kicked. After being taken to jail in default of bail, he repented of his course and agreed to marry the girl. This morning he was brought down from Ebensburg and their troubles were settled by Alderman Harris performing the ceremony which made them man and wife. They will make their home in East Taylor township.—*Johnstown Herald.*

—The Club house at Dunlo, in Adams township, a new mining town a short distance out in the mountain from South Fork, was destroyed by fire Thursday evening. It was the lodging place of a number of men, who lost their clothing and trunks. The fire is supposed to have started from a defective terra-cotta flue. The Club house was a plank building and was the first structure erected in the new town The house contained six rooms. Everything on the first floor was saved, including the engineer's map and instruments. The loss is placed at $1,100. This is Dunlo's second experience with fire in its existence, a large amount of lumber having been burned a few months since.

—On Wednesday evening of last week about half past 6 o'clock the passenger train known as No. 25, struck and fatally injured Ignatius Flenner, who was crossing the tracks at Portage. He had been at the post office, and was on his way home. An east bound freight in front of which he was crossing, so engaged his attention that he failed to notice the approach of the west bound passenger train. He was badly injured internally, besides sustaining several fractures of bones. Mr. Flenner was a single man about forty-five years of age, and was a son of the late Philip Flenner, a soldier of the war of 1812, who died about twelve years ago at the age of 100 years. Mr. Flenner died Friday last and was buried Monday morning in the Catholic cemetery at Wilmore.

The Election in Ebensburg.

BOROUGH AT LARGE.

Burgess.

Lloyd, R.	125
Scanlan, D.	99
Lloyd's majority	26

Collector.

Tibbott, R.	136
Byrne, D.	83
Tibbot's majority	53

Auditor.

Davis, R.	135
Langbein, D.	83
Davis' majority	52

WEST WARD.

Burgess—Fes Lloyd, R., 68; Robert Scanlan, D., 72.

Collector—John F. Tibbott, R., 73; Henry Byrne, D., 64.

Auditor—F. W. Davis, R., 73; C. A. Langbein, D., 64.

Council—Wm. H. Davis, R., 67; John L. Stough, D., 71.

School Director—George Huntley, R., 71; Lester Larimer, D., 65.

Constable—E. W. Humphreys, R., 75; M. D. Eberly, D., 62.

Judge of Election—Geo. A. Davis, R., 76; H. A. Shoemaker, D., 59.

Inspectors—Albert Apel, R., 74; Thomas James D., 61.

EAST WARD.

Burgess—Fes Lloyd, R., 57; Robert Scan'an, D., 27.

Collector—John F. Tibbott, R., 63; Henry Byrne, D., 19.

Auditor—Fred W. Davis, R., 62; C. A. Langbein, D., 19.

Council—Thomas D. Evans, R., 65; J. B. Denny, D., 18.

School Director—F. C. Jones, R., 67; Michael Donovan, D., 16.

Constable—Evan D. Evans, R., 65; Wm. D. Jones, D., 17.

Judge of Election—S. D. Ludwig, R., 63; Harry Lloyd, D., 21.

Inspector of Election—John D. Evans, R., 64; Philip Luttringer, D., 17.

A Tragedy in Altoona.

On Tuesday afternoon a terrible tragedy was enacted at the Wurtemberger Hof, 505 Fourth avenue, Altoona, in which little Emma Ingold, daughter of the proprietor, was shot and killed and Joseph Benson who committed the crime then turned the weapon to his own head and shot himself, but not causing instant death.

Benson had been in the employ of Leopold Ingold, the father of the girl, as a hostler for several years. A short time before the discovery of the murder Emma had called to Benson, who was in his room on the 3rd floor, to give her a half dollar that she had loaned him and he replied that he would throw it down to her. Shortly after Mr. Ingold heard some one breathing heavily up stairs and on going up to investigate the cause, found the girl lying dead on the floor with a bullet hole in the right side of her head and Benson lying unconscious but still living with a bullet hole in the left side of his head. Benson was taken to the hospital, where it is thought he cannot recover. Benson was about twenty years of age and his right side crippled from a paralytic stroke. A coroners jury is investigating the case.

An Ebensburger in Trouble.

A dispatch from Greensburg on Tuesday says: For some time past George W. Mehaney, formerly of Pittsburg, but now proprietor of the Mehaney house at Latrobe, has been missing various sums of money, but could not account for its disappearance, and although he kept a vigilant watch he failed to get any clue.

Upon the advice of an attorney he employed a detective and on Tuesday morning was rewarded by the capture of the parties, who proved to be Frederick A. Hartman, formerly of Pittsburg, his bartender and James Wherry, of Ebensburg, his clerk. When confronted with the crime Hartman confessed to taking the money. Mr. Mehaney at once made information against them, charging them with embezzlement, and they were promptly arrested and locked up. The amount taken is not known.

James (Chick) Wherry was raised in Ebensburg and prior to his going to Latrobe, sometime last fall, was employed as a clerk at the Central Hotel.

The Blacklick Railroad.

Mr. Charles McFadden, of Philadelphia, who has been awarded the contract for the grading and construction of the Ebensburg & Blacklick railroad was in town on Monday, making the necessary arrangements for an early commencement of the work. As soon as the weather permits, Mr. McFadden will ship in a lot of machinery used in railroad building, and several hundred men with horses and carts will arrive as soon as the necessary shanties and stables can be secured or built to shelter them.

It is the intention of Mr. McFadden to push the work as rapidly as possible and for that purpose will put all the force on the work that can be used to advantage. He expects to have the road completed by the 1st of October and as the laying of the track will follow as fast as the road bed is finished the "iron horse" will be watered from the Blacklick before the next crop of "pumpkins are gathered in the barn."

The Contract Given.

On Friday last, the contract for grading the Ebensburg & Blacklick railroad was given to Mr. Charles McFadden, of Philadelphia. The part of the road contracted for is from the terminus of the branch at this place to the forks of the Blacklick, about twelve miles. The building of the road will give Ebensburg a boom during the comming summer and the opening of the new line of railroad will give that portion of the country west of here an outlet for the immense deposits of coal that are to be found in the region of the Blacklick.

The Blacklick railroad has been a long time coming but it will be built at last for a certainty.

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued by the Clerk of the Orphans' Court for the week ending Wednesday, February 22nd, 1893:

Jacob C. Potts and Ella Lantz, Johnstown,

Isaac E. Bowers and Samantha Viola Albaugh, East Conemaugh.

W. H. Lenley Kent, Washington D. C., and Catharine Haws, Johstown.

John E. Pfiel and Clara Baker, Johnstown.

William S.Shaffer, Johnstown, and Lula Maud Kuntz, Dale.

The Use and Abuse of Whiskey

This subject could be dwelt upon to a considerable length and yet much remain untold, but all agree that the use, the proper use of pure rye whiskey is an absolute necessity, especially so now, when nature insists upon being stimulated. All regular physicians prescribe rye whiskey, and justly claim that Klein's Silver Age and Duquesne Whiskies are most reliable. They do this not only because they have tried them, but because the leading hospitals use them—find them the best stimulants in the world. Silver age sells for $1.50 and Duquesne for $1.25 per full quart. For sale by J. Ludwig & Son, Johnstown.

The Eection in Barr Township

Following is the result of the recent election in Barr township. All are Democrats except one inspector, Frank Adams.

Supervisors, Alex. Brawley and Henry McDermott; school directors, A. S. Kirsch, John Yeagling and Casper Smith; constable, John D. Lantzy; tax collector, Adam Leap; auditor, H. J. Krumenacher; township clerk, W. A Brawley; judge of election, Geo. W. Sherry; inspectors, S. Nagle and Frank Adams.

New License' Laws.

There is a bill now before the Pennsylvania legislature, which, if it would become a law, would work very important changes in the granting licenses. The licensing power is vested in fourteen boards of six commissioners to be appointed by the governor in equal numbers from the two parties polling the highest votes in the counties composing the several districts. The state is divided into fourteen districts, the western ones being made up as follows:

Ninth—Center, Clearfield, Jefferson, Cameron, Elk, and McKean.

Tenth—Huntingdon, Blair, Cambria, Bedford, and Somerset.

Eleventh—Indiana, Westmoreland, Washington, Fayette, and Green.

Twelfth—Allegheny.

Thirteenth—Armstrong, Clarion, Butler, Beaver, Lawrence, and Mercer.

Fourteenth—Venango, Forest, Warren, Crawford, and Erie.

Each commissioner shall receive as compensation $5 for every license considered and passed upon, to be paid by the state, a separate fee of $10 being required for this purpose on each application, but the annual salary shall in no case be less than $1,000 nor more than $3,000. The petitions for and proceedings relative to the granting of licenses are practically the same as under the Brooks law, and the license fees remain unchanged.

In cities not more than one retail license shall be granted for every 100 voters; in boroughs and townships, for every 150. Wholesale licenses shall not exceed one for every 250 voters. The computations for the establishment of the basis shall be made annually by the secretary of the commonwealth. The power to revoke licenses is vested in the court of quarter sessions.

Among the minor provisions of the bill are those requiring the makers of intoxicating drinks to mark on vessels containing them notice that they contain no drugs or active poisons, and forbidding the sale of liquors on Decoration Day. Violations of the law are punishable by a fine of not less than $300 nor more than $1,000 and imprisonment of not less than three months nor more than one year.

Good Artesian Well.

Near Sonman, this county, there is an artesian well with some peculiar features. The well is 426 feet deep and was drilled about four years ago by Michael Knouff, while making tests for coal in that section.

Ever since a steady volume of water has been flowing from the opening, the stream being about six inches in diameter, and rises about four feet above the opening by the natural pressure. The citizens of that vicinity are now talking of utilizing the well for the purpose of furnishing a water supply to Sonman and adjacent villages. The volume is such that it would supply from 5,000 to 8,000 people.

The water comes though four seams of coal, as well as a vein of fire clay. It is slightly inpregnated with sulphur but not to such an extent as to render it unpleasant. With the exception of a somewhat similar spring on the old Dodson road between Gallitzin and Loretto, this is the only artesian well flowing strongly in this county.—*Johnstown Herald.*

An Important Case.

A case in equity which has been dragging along since 1884, and which involves the title to valuable bituminous coal lands in Cambria county, occupied the whole day in the court house last Saturday. The plaintiffs in the case are Gallitzin Christy and the heirs of Agnes Burke deceased, the defendant being Dr. John T. Christy of this city. Plantiffs were represented by Ex-District Attorney Martin Bell and John D. Blair, Esq., of Hollidaysburg and by William Sechler, Esq., of Ebensburg. Dr. Christy's interest were looked after by Messrs. Neff, Hicks and Ambrose. Messrs. Bell, Sechler and Hon. D. J. Neff addressed his honor, Judge Landis, on behalf of their clients. After hearing the arguments his honor took the papers and reserved his decision.—*Altoona Gazette.*

Miscellaneous Notices.

NOTICE—having purchased the harness shop formerly conducted by C. A. Langbein, I would respectfully ask a continuance of the patronage and I will guarantee all my work to give satisfaction. GEORGE H. LANGBEIN.

Drunkenness or the Liquor Habit Positively Cured by Administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It is manufactured as a powder, which can be given in a glass of beer, a cup of coffee or tea, or in food, without the knowledge of the patient. It is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. It never fails. The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist. Cures guaranteed. 48 page book of particulars free. Address GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race St., Cincinnati, O. aug19.ly.

IF you are wanting Books, Stationary, Booklets, Dolls, Games, Toys, Novelties, School Supplies, Rubber Boots or Shoes, etc., etc., you can have your wants supplied by a visit to C. T. Roberts' store, Ebensburg. Although an old established one, it is abreast of the times and always well filled with goods of all kinds. An exchange library has been started at this store, where for 5 and 10 cents you can rent most any book you want to read. Any book or anything else not in stock procured for you at once. Everything sold at lowest prices. Give us a call and see for yourself. You never saw such a large and elegant stock in Ebensburg.

FOR SALE OR RENT.—The undersigned offers at private sale his farm of 120 acres situated one mile south of Ebensburg on the Wilmore road. There is about 70 acres cleared with good orchard and good water. If not sold before the 1st of April it will be for rent. Possession given immediately. Call on or address JAMES MYERS, Ebensburg, Pa. Jan. 6, 1892 3m.

THE Ebensburg Building & Loan Association will offer for sale at the council chamber, Ebensburg, on the fourth Monday in February, $3,000.00 THOS. DAVIS, President. LESTER LARIMER, Secretary.

R. L. JOHNSTON. M. J. BUCK. A. W. BUCK.
ESTABLISHED 1872.

Johnston, Buck & Co.,

BANKERS,

EBENSBURG, - - - PENN'A.

A. W. BUCK, Cashier.

ESTABLISHED 1888.

Carrolltown Bank,

CARROLLTOWN, PA.

T. A. SHARBAUGH, Cashier.

General Banking Business Transacted.

The following are the principal features of general banking business:

DEPOSITS

Received payable on demand, and interest bearing certificates issued to time depositors.

LOANS

Extended to customers on favorable terms and approved paper discounted at all times.

COLLECTIONS

Made in the locality and upon all the banking towns in the United States. Charges moderate.

DRAFTS

Issued negotiable in all parts of the United States, and foreign exchange issued on all parts of Europe.

ACCOUNTS

Of merchants, farmers and others solicited, to whom reasonable accomodation will be extended.

Patrons are assured that all transactions shall be held as strictly private and confidential, and that they will be treated as liberally as good banking rules will permit.

Respectfully,

JOHNSTON, BUCK & CO.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Whereas letters of administration on the estate of David Trexler, late of Gallitzin township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment without delay and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

ANN ELIZA TREXLER,
JOHN C WILT,
Administrators.

ALVIN EVANS, Atty.
Jan 27, 1893.

H. H. MYERS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PA.
Office in Collonade Row, on Centre street,

BALTZELLS'

TO-DAY or to-morrow you will be pleased by the exhibition of some spring fabrics in our windows, especially some India silk effects in satines. They are new styles and exact copies of high priced India silks, with a beautiful lustre. Think of goods like that at 15c. a yard, and you will have an exemplification of "goods at low prices," bargains in the highest sense of the word. We do not expect them to stay with us many days, as they have no STAYING qualities. While talking about cheap cotton dress goods, stop at the Gingham counter and look at the display of really handsome patterns in all styles and shades and of fine quality, reduced to 8c. and 10c. a yard, truly wonderful bargains, and of remarkable variety to select from. Nothing could be prettier for home gowns, or for children's wear, and their durability is unequaled. Pass on around the end of the booth and look at the lovely spring shades in plaids, checks and bourette effects, 36 inches wide and only 50c a yard. They will make lovely costumes. Further down the aisle are some new arrivals, plaids in various shades of brown, 36 inches wide and only 25c a yard. Would be cheap at 50c.

Our splendid line of serges, 46 inch wide, in popular shades are fine sellers at the extremely low price of 62½ a yard, nothing better of the kind in the market.

BALTZELLS',
Altoona.

TRIAL LIST.

List of causes set down for trial at March term, 1893:

Sapp et al	vs. Jordan.
Shaffer	vs. Stutzman et al.
Zimmerman	vs. Rose et al
McGonigle	vs. Piper & Co.
Pindle	vs. Cambria Land Co.
Bracken	vs. Stine.
O'Hara	vs. Kays.
Gill	vs. Johnstown Lumber Company.
James	vs. Lloyd.
Ozark	vs. Croyle.
Bracken	vs. Stine.
Sloan	vs. Bilestine.
Zimmerman	vs. Dibert.
Mattison et al	vs. P. R R.
Klinedinger	vs. McGough.
Shirley	vs. Mt. Olive Church.
Notley & Harter	vs. McMullen et al.
Benord	vs. Zimmerman.
Ehlers	vs. Rhody.
Use Howell	vs. Crossin.
Mock	vs. Jennings.
Same	vs. Fuller
Valosker	vs. Baltzer.
Love, Sunshine & Co	vs. Willetts & Herrington
Valley Pike Co	vs. Hayes heirs.

J. C. DARBY.
Proth'y's office, Feb. 10, 1893. Proth'y.

T. W. DICK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PENN'A.
Special attention to given claims for Pension Bounty, etc. ch7-'890

AGENTS WANTED by an old reliable firm; large profits, quick sale. SAMPLE FREE. A rare opportunity. Geo. A. Scott, 842 Broadway, N. Y.

WE ARE
LEADERS !
IN FANCY AND STAPLE GROCERIES.

THIS WEEK YOU CAN HAVE

Pittsburg best flour at $1.38 per sack; good flour at $1.19 per sack; best corn and oats chop at $1.19; good coffee, 22c.; miners' oil for 38c.; currants, 7 pounds for 25c.; good laundry soap, 10 pieces for 25c.; sugar, 21 pounds for $1.00.

A Big Fall in Dry Goods.

Best calicoes at 6 and 7 cents; muslin, bleached and unbleached, 4½ and 7 cents; Ginghams, 5 and 6 cents; cloth, in gray, brown and green, 30 to 35 cents; Cashmere in all colors, 30 to 35 cents; red flannel, 20 cents; good toweling 4½ cents.

☞The above stock has been reduced 25 per cent.

Our Stock of Ladies' Coats

Sold Almost For Nothing.

Coats	former price $6.00, now $3.00
Coats	former price 5.00, now 3.00
Coats	former price 9.50, now 5.98

FUR - TRIMMED - COATS,

Reduced from $12 to $7.50.

Misses' Coats in Plain and Box-Pleated, light and dark colors, in all sizes, can be bought from

$3.50 TO $6.00

Gents' Neckwear at 19c., regular 50c. goods.

☞For next two weeks we will sell TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY PAIRS PANTS—Worsted, Cheviots, All-Wool Cassimeres, at one price,

$2.97

A PAIR—NO MATTER WHAT COLOR YOU WANT WE HAVE.

Also, do not forget that we are now offering our entire stock of Children's, Boys' and Men's Overcoats at half price.

Good All-Wool Black and Brown

BEAVER -:- COATS !

$7.00; FORMER PRICE, $14.00.

Boys' Blue and Black Chinchilla Coats,

$4.00,

Former price, $8.00.

Children's Cape Coats in big Plaids or Stripes, $1.75; former price, $3.50.

☞These goods must go and there is a good chance for buyers.

Men's Heavy-Weight Gray or Red

UNDERWEAR,

95c. per suit, former price, $1.50.

LADIES'

Fine Dress Shoes

at $1.25 to $2.00.

MEN'S

CALF SHOES,

In Congress or Lace, $1.75 to $2.25.

Misses' Dongola and Grain Spring Heel Shoes, $1.15. Child's Dongola and Grain Heel and Spring Heel at 75c.

Men's Fine Dress Shoes in Congress or Lace for $1.25.

500 PAIRS

MEN'S - BROGANS,

Solid Leather, Oak Top, Sole with Buckle, 95c. a pair, former price $1.35, the biggest offer ever made in Cambria county.

☞Our Stock of FURNITURE, CARPETS, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS and VALISES is now ready for inspection.

☞Come spend an hour with us.

ORTH & CO.,

LEADERS OF LOW PRICES,

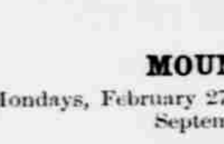
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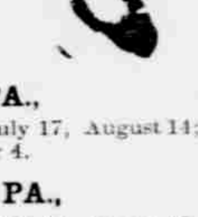
DR. MORITZ SALM,

This eminent Physician has devoted a lifetime to his Specialty —Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat, Lung and Chronic Diseases.



The Doctor has been for years a Professor and lecturer in several of our largest Medical Colleges, and has earned great fame as an authority and author on all subjects concerning his specialty.





MOUNTAIN HOUSE, EBENSBURG, PA.,

Mondays, February 27, March 27, April 24, May 22, June 19, July 17, August 14; September 11, October 9, November 6, December 4.

COMMERCIAL HOTEL, JOHNSTOWN, PA.,

Tuesdays, February 28, March 28, April 25, May 23, June 20, July 18, August 15, September 12, October 10, November 7, December 5.

He will visit Ebensburg every four weeks, thus saving his patients the trouble and expense of visiting Columbus, O., as he is the only physician and surgeon in the country who carries his own manakins, models, diagrams, etc., to illustrate and make plain to all afflicted the cause and nature of their disease. This will give his numerous patients and others who are in need of medical treatment an opportunity to consult this distinguished physician, whose duties at the institute will permit only monthly visits to your community.

CONSULTATION AND EXAMINATION FREE.

ALL EYE OPERATIONS SUCCESSFULLY PERFORMED BY HIM

Chronic Diseases of the eye.

Such as Granulated lids, chronic Inflamation of the lids, of the Iris of the Choroid, of the Retina, chronic Ulcerations, Spasms of the lids and Eye, Tears running over the the cheeks, Day and Night Blindness, Purulent or matter Sore Eyes, Gonorrhaeal Ophthalmia, Symphillitic Opthalmia, Red Blotches or Brown ones on the ball, Phlycenular Opthalmia, Opacities or milk white spots on the eye, Glaucoma or cupping on the nerve, Amaurosia, Falling out of the lashes, Sores, Redness of edges of lids and eyes, and other diseases to which the eye or its appendages are liable. Positive and rapid cure guaranteed.

A Word About Catarrh.

It is the mucus membrane, that wonderful semifluid envelope surrounding the delicate tissue of the air and food passages, that catarrh makes its stronghold. Once established it eats into the very vitals and makes life a longdrawn breath of misery and disease, dulling the sense of hearing, trammeling the power of speech, destroying the faculty of smell, tainting the breath, and killing the refined pleasure of taste. Insidiously by creeping on from a simple cold in the head, it assaults the membranous lingin and envelopes the bones, eating the delicate coats and causing inflammation, sloughing and death. Nothing short of total eradication will secure health to the patient and all alleviates are simply procrastinated sufferings leading to a fatal termination. Dr. Salm has by a treatment, local and constitutional made the cure of this dread disease a certainty, and has never failed. Even when the disease had made frightful inroads on delicate constitutions, hearing, smell and taste have been recovered and the disease thoroughly driven out.

Chronic Diseases.

The doctor treats no acute diseases but makes an entire specialty chronic and long standing diseases. Cases given up by other doctors and pronounced incurable, he most desires to see. The doctor has treated over 15,000 cases in Pennsylvania in the last twelve years, many of which have been given up as incurable, some to be blind, others deaf, and a large number to be invalids for life. But behold now they see and hear, and many are on the high road to recovery every day. The doctor is surrounded with the largest collection of fine instruments ever imported to this country for examining and treating chronic diseases of the Head, Face, Throat, Eye Heart, Lungs, Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, Bladder, Skin, Brain and Nervous System, Cancers, Tumors, Piles swellings, Old Sores, Fits, Paralysis, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Gout, Sick Head ache, Debility, Depression of spirits, Diseases of children, Hereditary diseases, Etc etc., and in fact all long standing and chronic diseases.

Ear Troubles Cured.

In an astonishing quick time. He will relieve you of all roaring, hissing and ringing noises heaviness, itching, pain, running of the ear, will close up a hole in a drum of fifty years standing, will insert Artificial Ear Drums of his own invention with astonishingly gratifying results.

Diseases of Women, such as have baffled the skill of all other physicians and remedies, quickly cured. Cancers, tumors, fibroid, and polypoid growths cured without the use of the knife or caustics. No cutting. No pain. No danger.

Manhood perfectually restored. Quick, painless and certain cure for impotence, lost manhood, spermatorrhoea losses, weak and nervous debility; also for prostatitis, vericocele, and all private diseases—whether from imprudent habits of youth or sexual functions, speedily and permanently cured Consultation free and strictly confidential. Absolute cure guaranteed. No risk incurred. Free examination of the urine—each person applying for medical treatment should bring 2 to 4 ounces of urine, which will receive careful chemical and microscopic examination. Small tumors, cancers, warts, moles etc., removed without acids, knife, pain or scar. New method. Electroysis Epilepso his scientifically treated and cured by a never-failing method. Address all communications to Box 760, Columbus, Ohio. **Examination and consultation free to everybody.**

☞Our Advertisement Will Appear Twice Before Each Visit. Address all Communications to Box 760.

THE BEST PLACE IN ALTOONA

TO BUY CLOTHING IS AT

JOHN McCONNELL'S,

1300 ELEVENTH AVENUE.

Where you will find a complete line of Men's, Boys' and Children's Suitings in all styles and qualities.

OVERCOATS !

for Men and Boys, for Style and Finish can not be beat for the price Furnishing Goods, Hats and caps,

TRUNKS AND SATCHELS

in endless varieties. You are invited to call and see us when in the city and we will do you good.

JOHN McCONNELL,
ALTOONA, PENNA.

"Seeing is Believing."



And a good lamp must be simple; when it is not simple it is not good. *Simple, Beautiful, Good*—these words mean much, but to see "The Rochester" will impress the truth more forcibly. All metal, tough and seamless, and made in three pieces only, it is *absolutely safe* and *unbreakable*. Like Aladdin's of old, it is indeed a "wonderful lamp," for its marvelous light is purer and brighter than gas light, softer than electric light and more cheerful than either.

Look for this stamp—THE ROCHESTER. If the lamp dealer hasn't the genuine Rochester, and the style you want, send to us for our new illustrated catalogue, and we will send you a lamp safely by express—your choice of over 2,000 varieties from the *Largest Lamp Store in the World.*

ROCHESTER LAMP CO., 42 Park Place, New York City.

"The Rochester."

"QUINN'S,"

New White Front Building, 113 Clinton Street, Johnstown, Pa.

New Stock of **DRY GOODS, MILLINERY AND CARPETS.** Call to see us when in town.

JAMES QUINN.

Mountain House

STAR SHAVING PARLOR!

CENTRE STREET, EBENSBURG.

THIS well-known and long established Shaving Parlor is now located on Centre street, opposite the livery stable of O'Hara, Davis & Luther, where the business will be carried on in the future. SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING AND SHAMPOOING done in the neatest and most artistic manner. Clean Towels a specialty.

☞Ladies waited on at their residences.

JAMES H. GANT,
Proprietor

PRIVATE SALE.—The undersigned will sell at Private Sale in Lily borough, Cambria county, Pa., his Hotel, with Brewery attached; Two Ice Houses, Stable, and all necessary Outbuildings on the premises. The House is licensed now. For further particulars call on or address the proprietor, THEODORE SELL.
Lily, Pa., Oct 24, 1892.

DO you need Job Printing? If so, give the FREEMAN a trial order.

1794. 1891.

Policies written at short notice in the

OLD RELIABLE "ÆTNA"

And other First Class Companies.

T. W. DICK,

AGENT FOR THE

OLD HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COM'Y.

COMMENCED BUSINESS

1794.

Ebensburg, July 31, 1882.

M. D. KITTELL,
Attorney-at-Law,
EBENSBURG, PA.
Office in Armory Building, opp. Court House.

To Investors.

WHY go away from home to seek investments when you can buy Pennsylvania First Mortgage securities on the Cash or Monthly Payment plan and which will net you twenty per cent. on your money? For particulars call on or address H. A. ENGLEHART, Ebensburg, Pa.
Aug. 5, 1892.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following accounts have been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, Pa., and will be confirmed by said court on the first Monday of March, A. D. 1893, unless cause be shown to the contrary:

First and final account of J. E. Chandler, assignee of Jacob J. Mishler et ux.

First and final account of D. G. Myers, assignee of C. Gauntner et ux.

Second and final account of John Foust, assignee of Frank Hahn.

J. C. DARBY.
Feb. 10, 1893. Prothonotary.

DONALD E. DUFTON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PENNA
Office in Opera House, Center street.

J. F. McKENRICK,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
EBENSBURG, PA
Office on Centre street.

A HAVEN FOR TOURISTS.

The Beauties of Bermuda as a Winter Resort.

Many Americans Spend the Inclement Season Among the Fruits and Flowers of the Delightful Islands.

W. C. Whitney, ex-consul to Bermuda, said at the Palmer house the other day, according to the Chicago Inter Ocean:

"At this season of the year many Americans are visiting the Bermuda islands. The hotel at Hamilton is crowded, and several people from Chicago are spending the winter in the Bermudas. Although an English possession the Bermuda islands are essentially American in the tastes and requirements of the populace and commercial pursuits. Situated seven hundred miles from New York, they present to the American tourist a delightful haven far out at sea, where he can recuperate in the pure and exhilarating ocean air.

"The existence of these little islands, three hundred and sixty-five in number, a mere speck as they appear almost in midocean, has puzzled many geologists. The largest island in the group is only thirteen miles in length, yet it has a large population and produces all kinds of semi-tropical fruits and flowers abundantly. Much of the soil is planted in onions, which are our principal product for export. The United States is a ready market for us, and our relations with this country are exceedingly pleasant.

"The formation of the Bermuda islands is calcareous, being a disintegration of shells and coral reefs. It is probable that some time, centuries ago, perhaps, the whole mass was produced by a volcanic upheaval of the ocean bed. This theory is supported by the great Walsingham caves, which lead for miles under the bottom of the ocean, and the stalactites suspended from the roof are of volcanic formation.

"Aside from the native and white population Bermuda has two regiments of English soldiers at the forts who garrison the islands. A notable point of interest is a dry dock capable of taking the largest man-of-war in the English navy. This immense structure was built in England and towed the entire distance to Bermuda by seven vessels.

"Curious as it may seem, there is not a well or drop of fresh water to be obtained on the islands. All the houses are made from a soft white stone, which is carved into square blocks. Even the roofs are of this material. Large eaves are constructed and rain is caught and conveyed to tanks built in each house for its reception. This rain water is used for all purposes, and enough is secured in the rainy season to last all summer.

"There is not a spot in the world where the ocean is so transparent as around the Bermudas. Objects on the bottom can be seen thirty feet below the surface, and thousands of deep sea fish in all their varied phases are noticeable, the whole picture forming a grand aquarium upon which the eye can rest for hours without fear of satiety."

PICTURE ON A COFFIN LID.

The Terrifying Sight Which Confronted an Eastern Grave Digger.

James Clareback, about forty-five years of age, was recently engaged at Herrington Corners, ten miles from Elmira, N. Y., in resurrecting the remains of Mrs. M. C. Herrington in order to bury them in another place. The body had been under ground for thirty-five years, and in digging for it Clareback struck a great deal of water. He reached the remnants of the outer box surrounding the coffin, and when he pulled them out of the way he was greatly astonished to see what appeared to be Mrs. Herrington's body, apparently undisturbed and so lifelike as to convey to his mind the belief that a living, breathing woman was before him.

"I tell you I was scared," said Clareback to a New York Sun correspondent, "and I nearly fell over in a faint in the grave. When I made an examination, however, I discovered that it was not the body I saw before me, but an exact photograph of it on the top of the coffin lid. I then raised the coffin and opened it. With the exception of the head, it contained only a few crumbling bones. The head, however, was perfectly preserved. The bones were covered with flesh which had petrified, the whole being as hard as a stone, while the hair had grown to an unusual length and was very abundant."

The coffin lid was exhibited to a number of people. It was made of cedar and contained an exact and perfectly clear representation of the deceased woman as she appeared when she died thirty-five years ago. Just how to account for this no one knows, but in lieu of any better explanation that made by the grave-digger is accepted. It is to the effect that water flowing through the grave must have raised the body so that it was pressed against the coffin lid and the action of the gases arising from the body, in conjunction with the nature of the wood, forced the picture to appear as it did on the outer side of the coffin lid.

ANOTHER IDOL SHATTERED.

The Iconoclast Deals a Blow at One of Our Most Cherished Beliefs.

Countess Guiccioli, Byron's inamorata, has her reputation for beauty sadly impugned by the author of "Gossip of the Century." That literary iconoclast says that several people who had known the countess told him that she was anything but beautiful. "One assured me," he says, "that her complexion reminded him of * * * boiled pork (!) and another asserted that her figure was absolutely shapeless; that she was not beautiful, and that so far from possessing any grace or elegance of style, she had the appearance of a short bolster with a string round its middle. Worse than this, it seems that Guiccioli waddled like a duck; her feet, which were as large and flat as Mme. de Stael's—immortalized by her enemy, Napoleon, when he described her as standing on her 'grand pied de Stael'—aiding in the suggestion of this simile. As for her manners, they were far from refined."

The Stoical Chinee.

A surgeon who has had opportunity to observe the Chinese under operations says "as a stoical race they beat the Indians." They object to anæsthesia, and submit to amputation of limbs without an outcry. They have no fear of death, and prefer to suicide by opium rather than to live in a helpless, crippled condition, a burden on their friends. So a surgeon's best efforts in their behalf often come to nought. Their wounds heal quickly, which is attributed to their cleanliness and diet (mainly vegetarian). Their tissues, under the surgeon's knife, seem more dense and elastic, or less flabby than the flesh of a Caucasian.

—A clergyman in Minneapolis was lately called upon to officiate at a wedding. After the service was performed the happy groom called him to one side and asked "what his charges were." The minister replied that he was not in the habit of making a charge. "Well," replied the groom, "I will call and see you later." The happy groom called the next week and presented the reverend gentleman with a dozen sticks of chewing gum.

A Woman's Back.

It is the mainspring of her life.

What can she do, where can she go, so long as that deadly *backache* saps every particle of her strength and ambition?

She cannot walk, she cannot stand; her housework is a burden; the hours behind the counter or in the factory are crushing; she is miserable.

The cause is some derangement of the uterus or womb. The *backache* is *the sure symptom.*

Lydia E. Pinkham's *Vegetable Compound* is the one unfailing remedy. A woman discovered it and gave it to women. A woman reads your letter and gives you a woman's sympathy and help. Thousands send letters grateful for physical salvation. The same salvation is for you. Don't hesitate.



All druggists sell it, or sent by mail, in form of Pills or Lozenges, on receipt of $1. Correspondence freely answered. Address in confidence, LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICAL CO., LYNN, MASS. Liver Pills, 25c.

From Pole to Pole

AYER'S SARSAPARILLA has demonstrated its power of cure for all diseases of the blood.

The Harpooner's Story.

New Bedford, June 1, 1883.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO.—Twenty years ago I was a harpooner in the North Pacific, when five others of the crew and myself were laid up with scurvy. Our bodies were bloated, gums swollen and bleeding, teeth loose, purple blotches all over us, and our breath seemed rotten. Take it by and large we were pretty badly off. All our lime-juice was accidentally destroyed, but the captain had a couple dozen bottles of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA and gave us that. We recovered on it quicker than I have ever seen men brought about by any other treatment for Scurvy, and I've seen a good deal of it. Seeing no mention in your Almanac of your Sarsaparilla being good for scurvy, I thought you ought to know of this, and so send you the facts.

Respectfully yours, RALPH Y. WINGATE.

The Trooper's Experience.

Masera, Basutoland (S. Africa,) March 7, 1885.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO.—Gentlemen: I have much pleasure to testify to the great value of your Sarsaparilla. We have been stationed here for over two years, during which time we had to live in tents. Being under canvas for such a time brought on what is called in this country "veldt-sores." I had those sores for some time. I was advised to take your Sarsaparilla, two bottles of which made my sores disappear rapidly, and I am now quite well.

Yours truly, T. K. BODEN,
Trooper, Cape Mounted Riflemen.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Is the only thoroughly effective blood-purifier, the only medicine that eradicates the poisons of Scrofula, Mercury, and Contagious Disease from the system.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists: Price $1; Six bottles for $5.

Stop that
CHRONIC COUGH NOW!

For if you do not it may become consumptive. For *Consumption, Scrofula, General Debility and Wasting Diseases,* there is nothing like

SCOTT'S EMULSION

Of Pure Cod Liver Oil and HYPOPHOSPHITES Of Lime and Soda.

It is almost as palatable as milk. Far better than other so-called Emulsions. A wonderful flesh producer.

Scott's Emulsion

There are poor imitations. *Get the genuine.*

HALL'S Vegetable Sicilian HAIR RENEWER.

The great popularity of this preparation, after its test of many years, should be an assurance, even to the most skeptical, that it is really meritorious. Those who have used HALL'S HAIR RENEWER know that it does all that is claimed.

It causes new growth of hair on bald heads—provided the hair follicles are not dead, which is seldom the case; restores natural color to gray or faded hair; preserves the scalp healthful and clear of dandruff; prevents the hair falling off or changing color; keeps it soft, pliant, lustrous, and causes it to grow long and thick.

HALL'S HAIR RENEWER produces its effects by the healthful influence of its vegetable ingredients, which invigorate and rejuvenate. It is not a dye, and is a delightful article for toilet use. Containing no alcohol, it does not evaporate quickly and dry up the natural oil, leaving the hair harsh and brittle, as do other preparations.

Buckingham's Dye FOR THE **WHISKERS**

Colors them brown or black, as desired, and is the best dye, because it is harmless; produces a permanent natural color; and, being a single preparation, is more convenient of application than any other.

PREPARED BY
R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H.
Sold by all Dealers in Medicines.

FOR ARTISTIC

JOB PRINTING

TRY THE FREEMAN.

Nothing On Earth Will

MAKE HENS LAY

LIKE
Sheridan's Condition Powder!
KEEPS YOUR CHICKENS
Strong and Healthy; Prevents all Disease.
Good for Moulting Hens.

It is absolutely pure. Highly concentrated. In quantity costs tenth of a cent a day. No other one fourth as strong. Strictly a medicine. "One large can saved me $40; send six more to prevent Roup," says one customer. **If you can't get it send to us. Ask first.** Sample for 25 cts in stamps, five packs $1. Large 2 1-4 lb. can, by mail, $1.20. Six large cans, $5 express prepaid. Sample copy of **The Best Poultry Paper** sent free. Farm-Poultry one year (price 50c.) and large can $1.50. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House St., Boston, Mass.

STRATTON



Band Instruments, Snare and Bass Drums.
Fifes, Piccolos, Clarionets, Cymbals and all Instruments pertaining to Brass Bands and Drum Corps.
Send for Illustrated Catalogue.
JOHN F. STRATTON & SON, 43 & 45 Walker Street, New York.

SURVIVORS OF BALAKLAVA.

Twenty-Seven of the Veterans Gathered at a Banquet in London.

The survivors of the immortal charge "in the valley of death" thirty-eight years ago sat down together the other afternoon, a small company of grizzled, bemedaled veterans, to a banquet in the banqueting room of St. James' hall, says a London paper of recent date. In the chair was Sergt. Herbert of the Fourth Light dragoons, while Lieut. Wightman of the Seventeenth lancers occupied the vice chair. The committee by whom the banquet was organized searched the United Kingdom for survivors, and the result was the appearance of twenty-seven men only. As they met hearty grasps were given, and the old familiar names called out—"Jimmy," "Pete," "Harry," "Bill,"—answered to the old call, and as hands were wrung one gray-haired veteran would say to another: "Good old chum, we managed to wriggle together for many a year." The medals which were worn spoke of service in India during the mutiny as well as in the Crimea, and though the veterans, with one exception, wore plain clothes, on every breast the medals were conspicuously displayed. There were over thirty guests present, noncommissioned officers in the old regiments, so that the old and the new life mingled together and comradeship was cemented in good nutbrown ale.

Of those present in the charge there were nine of the Eleventh hussars, nine of the Seventeenth lancers, eight of the Fourth light dragoons, one of the Scots Greys and two of the Eighth Royal Irish hussars. The single survivor who wore his uniform, and probably the finest man in the company, was Sergt. Fawke, who stood six feet in height and measured forty-four inches around the chest. He was twenty-two years of age when he rode with the Scots Greys in the famous charge immortalized by the dead laureate. There is not a white hair to be seen in his closely cut black crop; his cheeks are clean shaven, and his black mustache is pointed a la militaire. This man of sixty not only stands erect and firm upon his legs, but rejoices in his strength, and in proof thereof he cut bars of lead through with one sweep of his sword, and played with a forty-pound club in a way to astonish every one. The gallant sergeant wears upon his breast the Crimean medal, with three clasps for Balaklava, Inkerman and Sevastopol, and also the Turkish medal, and his forehead and cheeks show now the marks of sword cut and bullet wounds. There were seven wounds in all received by Fawke on the eventful day, three of which were on his legs. Sergt. Fawke rode in the lord mayor's show last year and earns a livelihood as a teacher of physical exercises in colleges and schools.

SWAGGER IS OUT OF STYLE.

Even the High and Mighty Nil Admirari Air Is Considered Bad Form.

For the moment, at any rate, swagger is not the fashion, says the London Spectator. The most obvious and disagreeable form of self-assertion, which consists in making other people conscious of their inferiority by intensely unpleasant and supercilious behavior, has, of course, been dead and done with, as a social claim, for half a generation. The high-born and wealthy heroes of the old novelists, who were too great to speak at the breakfast table, and "turned to fling a morsel to their dogs with an air of high-bred nonchalance," exist no longer in fiction, and very rarely in life. Mr. Grandcourt was, perhaps, the last of them. But swagger in its minor and more amusing manifestations is also dying.

One of the later forms of swagger, much affected by men of the bachelor leisure class, and especially by the much-abused "lotus-eaters" of club land, was the nil admirari attitude. It had quite a vogue for a time, and in addition to conveying an impression of superiority, it saved a great deal of trouble. Older men who had seen life were spared the effort of hearing about it again, and young men who had not were enabled to convey the impression that they had. This form of swagger is still in use as a weapon against the bore, but as a fashionable cult it exists no longer. The leisure class, as such, does not assert itself by any explicit form of swagger, and would seem for the moment to get before it the ideal of the "plain man" in its dealings with the world. Probably the strongest guarantee for the continued decline of swagger is the growth of frankness. Formerly, to refer to money as a consideration in action was considered ill-bred. That form of swagger is certainly a thing of the past. Nothing is more common than to hear the remark: "I wish I could afford it," or "I can't afford it."

Old Coins from Old Mints.

The "mint house" in Boston existed about thirty-four years. All the coins issued from it bore the dates 1652 or 1662, the same dies being used, probably, throughout the thirty-four years of coinage. Some coins had been made in Bermuda for the use of the Virginia colony as early as 1644. Copper coins bearing the figure of an elephant were struck in England for the Carolinas and New England in 1694. Coins were also struck for Maryland bearing the effigy of Lord Baltimore. A mint was established in Rupert, Vt., by legislative authority in 1785, whence copper cents were issued, bearing on one side a plow and a sun rising from behind hills, and on the other a radiated eye surrounded by thirteen stars.

THEIR SWEETMEATS.

The Sort of Candy Used on Different Occasions by Different People.

"Yes, I've got every opportunity to study human nature," said a candy dealer to a Boston Journal reporter the other day; "fully as great an opportunity as the reporter, the policeman or the car conductor.

"For instance," he continued, "people never buy opera caramels to take to the theater or opera. They're soft, and would prove ruinous to gloves.

"School-teachers never eat peppermints and lemon drops at the same time. They'd as soon eat lobster salad and drink milk at the same time. That reminds me of a teacher I once had that lunched on angel cake, a tomato and caramels every noon.

"The blase young man now carries to his sweetheart a dainty box of candied fruit in place of the caramels which were once all the rage. Why, even the children are changing in tastes. They ask for the best French mixture, which is about as much French as I am. I was born in South Boston.

"I know what I'm talking about," he continued, "and could prove to you what I say. Women tipplers don't purchase 'brandy drops' because there is no brandy in 'em, and young maidens avoid caramels because it is too much trouble to take off the oiled paper."

The Biter Bitten.

A Jewish junk dealer in Winnipeg imposed an old muzzle-loading musket on a green English immigrant a few days ago, along with thrilling anecdotes about Injun incidents. The greenhorn found the barrel plugged up with what seemed to be wads. He took it to a gunsmith to be cleaned, and the smith poked out of the barrel seven hundred and five dollars in good Canadian bank notes. At latest accounts the junkman was being closely watched by his friends.

"HE THAT WORKS EASILY, WORKS SUCCESSFULLY." CLEAN HOUSE WITH

SAPOLIO

S. HAMILTON,

91 and 93 Fifth Avenue, PITTSBURG,

HAS PUT

MUSIC IN THE AIR!



WORKINGMEN AND TOILERS

Whether With Hands or Head,

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ORGANIZE BRASS BANDS AND ORCHESTRAS

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EARLY CHRISTIAN RECORDS.

Interesting Documents Found in a Tomb in Upper Egypt.

Great interest has been created in literary and ecclesiastical circles in Europe by the recovery from a tomb in upper Egypt of some old codices which Prof. Harnack was the first to recognize as fragments of some of the earliest Christian records, supposed to have been irretrievably lost. They are three in number. One of them bears the title: "The Revelation of Peter." It is a prophetic book, resembling the Apocalypse of St. John and was quoted as a sacred "Scripture" by the great Christian teacher, Clement, of Alexandria, in the second century after Christ. It is supposed to have been written by the Apostle Peter. Another is: "The Gospel of Peter," a narrative of the life of Christ, similar to those of the four Gospels, and containing some curious variations in the account of the crucifixion and resurrection. It was in use in the second century, especially in the Syrian communities, and was at first admitted by the ecclesiastical authorities, but afterward stigmatized as agnostic. It, too, is supposed to have been written by St. Peter. The third codex contains considerable fragments of the book of Enoch, a prophetic book which was of high authority among the early Christians, but the origin of which is uncertain. The ascription of it to the Old Testament patriarch "who walked with God" is, of course, a mere literary fiction. A translation of the fragment of the "Gospel of St. Peter" has appeared already at Cambridge university. Prof. Harnack's full report will be published at the end of the year.

A MOUSE IN HER HAT.

But She Was Not Frightened So Much as the Clerk.

A recent San Francisco dispatch says: One day this week a lady went to a Fourth street store to make some purchases. She engaged a young clerk in conversation concerning various articles. While talking to her the clerk chanced to look at her hat. It moved slightly. Then he looked again, and again the feminine headgear was perceived to be in motion. The young man turned pale and his tongue did cleave to the roof of his mouth. Like one suffering with nightmare, he wanted to scream, but could not. All the time the lady's hat kept moving in a peculiar way. The young man kept his gaze on the hat—for some reason unknown to himself he could not do otherwise. Presently he saw one side of the hat raise up; then a pair of sharp, bright eyes peered out. The next instant out from under the hat jumped a mouse. It landed upon the pale young clerk's shoulder and he ran into the street yelling like a Comanche.

"Ugh! what was that!" screamed the lady.

"It was a mouse, and he jumped out of your hat," answered the pale young clerk between his chattering teeth.

And so it was. The lady had taken up her hat carelessly, put it on and worn it to the store. On the way, she said, she felt something moving in her hat, but thought it was the breeze moving in her hair. She was greatly surprised at the developments, but not so frightened as the pale young clerk.

THE CONSCRIPTION PLAN.

A Law That Loses More to a Nation Than Is Gained by It.

When the gain of what is termed a whole nation under arms is estimated, the exaggeration of the pompous phrases hides the nakedness of the fact that large numbers of young men are lost to their country by the means to which they resort to escape military service. In Italy and Germany, says the Fortnightly Review, these may be counted by legions; in France men are less numerous, because men are more welded to the native soil, and take to service more gayly and more naturally, but in Italy and Germany thousands flock to immigrant ships, thus choosing life-long self-expatriation, and every year, as the military and fiscal burdens grow heavier, will lads go away by preference to lands where, however hard be the work, the dreaded voice of the drill sergeant cannot reach them, and they can "call their souls their own."

Patriotism is a fine quality, no doubt, but it does not accord with the chill and supercilious apathy which characterizes the general temper and teaching of this age, and a young man may be pardoned if he deem that his country is less a mother worthy of love than a cruel and unworthy stepmother, when she demands three of the fairest years of his life to be spent in a barrack yard and wrings his ears till the blood drops from them or beats him about the head with the butt of a musket because he does not hold his chin high enough or shift his feet quickly enough.

A Villainous Business.

One of the most prosperous industries in Paris is the sale and disposal of horse-flesh for food. There are in the city of Paris 180 shops for the sale of horse-flesh, and in the course of this year more than 21,000 horses, 61 mules and 275 donkeys have been killed and eaten by the Parisians. The most singular point about this traffic is that the price of the flesh is equal to that of good beef, 20 cents a pound. It is only fair, however, to add that two-thirds of this meat has been converted into sausages, so that it is more than possible that the consumers are ignorant of the source of their toothsome dish. It is now easy to understand how it is that good horses are so scarce in the Paris flacres; at 20 cents a pound a fat horse would be worth more when he was dead than alive.

THE STUDIO.

BARRETT BROWNING, son of two famous poets, wrote verses of promise when he was five years old, and John Ruskin said he should be a great poet. He is a painter instead.

THE monument to the late emperor of Russia at Moscow will be completed within a few months and next spring it will be dedicated. It has been for seven years in course of erection.

MRS. HELEN ELIZABETH KING, of Cleveland, has been copying, to be exhibited by the state of Ohio at the world's fair, Huntington's portrait of Gen. Sherman, which belongs to the national government and hangs in the war department at Washington.

THE illumination of Whittier's centennial hymn, done in 1876 by Miss Anne Lewis Wriley, of Pennsylvania, will hold a place in the Woman's building at the world's fair. An autograph letter from Whittier in regard to the hymn will probably be placed with it.

Hereditary Influence.

It is a fact well established by students of heredity that children are apt to inherit not only the physical, mental and moral traits of their parents, but to be influenced by their age as well. Children born of very young fathers and mothers never attain so vigorous a growth of mind or body as those of older men and women, while children of old people are born old. One of the most surprising cases in medical history is that of Marguerite Cribsowna, who died in 1763, aged one hundred and eight years. When ninety-four she was married to a man aged one hundred and five. Three children came of this union, but they had gray hair, no teeth, were stooped, yellow and wrinkled, decrepit in movement and could eat only bread and vegetables.

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Connections at Cresson.

WEST.		EAST.	
Oyster Exp.	2 55 a m	Harrisburg Ac	9 23 a m
Western Exp.	4 43 a m	Seashore Exp.	6 30 a m
Johnstown Exp.	8 24 a m	Mail	9 38 a m
Pacific Exp.	8 45 a m	Day Exp.	11 04 a m
Mail	4 26 p m	Altoona Exp.	1 00 p m
Way Pass	2 36 p m	Mail Exp.	5 17 p m
		Phila Exp.	8 12 p m

SOUTHWARD.

	Distance.	No. 1. A M	No. 2. A M	No. 3. P M.
Ebensburg		7 40	10 25	3 35
Bradley	3.0	7 50	10 31	3 44
Kaylor	4.8	7 56	10 35	3 50
Noel	6.1	8 01	10 38	3 52
Munster	7.5	8 06	10 41	4 00
Lucket	9.6	8 13	10 45	4 08
Cresson	11.3	8 20	10 50	4 15

NORTHWARD.

	Distance.	No. 1. A M	No. 2. A M	No. 3. P M.
Cresson		9 30	11 10	5 20
Lucket	1.7	9 35	11 20	5 30
Munster	3.8	9 40	11 29	5 37
Noel	5.2	9 44	11 35	5 43
Kaylor	6.5	9 47	11 41	5 48
Bradley	8.3	9 52	11 47	5 57
Ebensburg	11.3	10 10	12 01	6 10

Bradley, Noel and Lucket are Flag Stations. No trains on Sunday.

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HOMEMADE PANTALOONS.

How a Girl of the Revolution Manufactured a Pair for Her Brother.

Late in the afternoon of one of the last days of May, in the year '76, when I was a few months short of fifteen years old, notice came to Townsend, Mass., where my father used to live, that fifteen soldiers were wanted, says Mrs. Eunice Locke Richards in the Greenfield (Mass.) Gazette.

The training band was instantly called out and my brother, that was next older than I, was the one that was selected. He did not return till late at night when we were all in bed. When I rose in the morning I found my mother in tears, who informed me that my brother John was to march next day after to-morrow at sunrise. My father was in Boston in the Massachusetts assembly. Mother said that though John was supplied with summer clothes he must suffer for winter garments. There were at that time no stores and no articles to be had except such as each family could make itself. The sight of mother's tears always brought all the hidden strength of body and mind into action. I instantly asked what garment was needed. She replied: "Pantaloons." "Oh, if that is all," said I, "we will spin and weave him a pair before he goes." "But," said mother, "the wool is on the sheep's back and the sheep are in the pasture." I immediately turned to a younger brother and bade him take the salt dish and call them to the yard. Mother replied: "Poor child, there are no sheep shears within three miles and a half." "I have some small shears at the loom," said I. "But you can't spin and weave it in so short a time." "I am certain we can, mother." "How can you weave it? There is a long web of linen in the loom."

By this time the sound of the sheep made me quicken my steps toward the yard. I requested my sister to bring the wheel and cards while I went for the wool. I went to the yard with my brother and secured a white sheep, from which I sheared with my loom shears half enough for a web. We then let her go with the rest of her fleece. I sent the wool in by my little sister and Luther ran for a black sheep and held her while I cut wool off for my filling and half the warp, and then we allowed her to go with the remaining coarse part of the fleece. The rest of the narrative the writer would abridge by saying that the wool thus obtained was duly carded, spun, washed, sized and dried. A loom was found a few doors off, the web "got in" and was wove, the cloth prepared, cut and made two or three hours before the brother's departure, that is to say, in forty hours from the commencement, without help from any modern improvement.

MOURNED FOR HIS GIRL.

Incident Which Shows That Artists Don't Frown on Sentiment.

Not long ago one of our wealthy young painters gave a supper in his studio to a number of friends in the profession, says a New York correspondent of the Globe-Democrat. Among his guests was a youthful sculptor who throughout the feast preserved a melancholy aspect that was quite incongruous in the general hilarity of the occasion. The artists rallied the sorrowful young man on his gloom, but neither wit nor sarcasm could tempt a smile into his face. He was a teetotaler and refused to cheer up his drooping spirits with wine. But he ate heartily and at intervals sighed like a furnace. The deviled lobster was especially to his liking, and after consuming two dishes of it he extended his plate for more.

Suddenly he gave a suppressed shriek, dropped the plate heavily in the center of some exquisite Sevres dishes, smashing them into fragments, and, running swiftly to the lounge, threw himself down on his face and began to groan dolefully. The consternation of the company may be imagined. The host was in grief over the disaster to his costly china, but he was still more concerned by the illness of his guest. Rushing to where the apparently dying sculptor lay, he attempted to force some brandy down the sufferer's throat. One of the painters seized a pitcher of iced water and poured it over the groaner, another tied some cracked ice in a napkin and tied it around the patient's head, while a third dashed madly downstairs for a physician. After being doused with cold water, however, the sculptor stopped groaning and protested vigorously against such treatment.

"I am not ill," he muttered, mournfully; "I am only homesick for my sweetheart, who sailed for Europe yesterday and who won't be back for three months."

In any other assemblage such a statement would have been greeted with indignant derision. But the young sculptor's confession was regarded as a bit of entirely natural sentiment, and even the host forgot the damage to his Sevres service in the universal expression of sympathy.

SPANISH PLEASURES.

It Seems to Be Rather a Solemn and Mournful Thing.

The leader of the orchestra began to play on the piano a brief, monotonous air, and the woman—looking out between her half-shut eyes—began the Malaguena. It was a strange, piercing, Moorish chant, says a writer in the Saturday Review, sung in a high falsetto voice, in long, acute, trembling phrases—a wail rather than a song—with pauses, as if to gain breath, between. A few words seemed to be repeated over and over again, with tremulous, inarticulate cries that wavered in time to a regularly beating rhythm. The sound was like nothing I have ever heard. It pierced the brain, it tortured one with a sort of delicious spasm.

The next song had more of a regular melody, though still in this extraordinary, strained voice, and still with something of a lament in its monotony. I could not understand the words, but the woman's gestures left no doubt as to the character of the song. It was assertively indecent, but with that curious kind of indecency—an almost religious solemnity in performer and audience—which the Spaniards share with the eastern races. Another song followed, given with the same serious and collected indecency, and received with the same serious and collected attention. It had a refrain of "Alleluia" and the woman, I know not why, borrowed a man's soft felt hat, turned down the brim, and put it on before beginning the song. When the applause was over she returned the hat, came back to the table at which she had been sitting, dismally enough, and yawned more desperately than ever.

The Paradise Craze.

A man who met with shipwreck off the coast of Cuba and had to take to an open boat, tells of the peculiar hallucination, called by sailors the "Paradise craze," brought on by exposure to the terrific heat of the sun's rays. He says: "The sea appeared to be transformed into a mighty meadow, bright with flowers and musical with song of birds. Cool springs burst from crystal rocks and trickled over golden sands, and men and maidens danced beneath the trees. They seemed beckoning me to join them, and I plunged over the side of the boat into forty fathoms of brine. The bath brought me to my senses, and I reached the Cuban coast more dead than alive. The mania is of frequent occurrence in tropical seas and is often referred to by the poets."